

QUALITY
EFFICIENCY
SERVICE





Con l'incremento della potenza dissipata dai dispositivi elettronici e la loro riduzione nelle dimensioni, la gestione della dissipazione di calore diventa un fattore sempre più importante nella progettazione dei prodotti elettronici. Una temperatura di funzionamento troppo elevata ne diminuisce infatti drasticamente sia l'affidabilità che la vita media.

Mecc.AI è specializzata nella progettazione e produzione di una gamma completa ed in continua evoluzione di dissipatori di ultima generazione per l'industria elettronica. A catalogo sono riportati tutti i profili e gli accessori dell'attuale gamma di prodotto standard che viene costantemente integrata dall'introduzione di nuovi profili e soluzioni tecnologiche.

La struttura tecnico commerciale di **Mecc.AI** è a completa disposizione dei propri clienti e partner commerciali per supportarli in ogni loro più specifica esigenza e possibile customizzazione del prodotto.

With the increase of the power dissipated by electronic devices and their reduction in size, the thermal management of heat dissipation becomes an increasingly critical factor in the design of electronic products. A too high operating temperature drastically decreases both the reliability and lifetime of the components. **Mecc.AI** is highly specialized in designing and manufacturing a full range in continue evolution of last generation heat sinks for the electronics industry. The catalogue lists all the profiles and accessories of the current range of standard product that is constantly integrated into the introduction of new profiles and technological solutions. The Sales and Technical Departments of **Mecc.AI** are at its customers and business partners full disposal to support them in all their specific needs and possible customized products.

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Azienda

The Company



Mecc.AI srl, fondata nel 1996, è una delle sette aziende facenti parte del più grande gruppo industriale privato Italiano del settore dei laminati in alluminio con volumi complessivi annui prodotti di oltre 110.000 tonnellate ed esportati in 85 paesi. A capo del gruppo è **Profilglass S.p.A.**, a sua volta leader mondiale nella produzione di profili distanziatori e decorativi per vetrocamere. **Mecc.AI** è l'azienda del gruppo specializzata nella progettazione e produzione di dissipatori di calore e supporti meccanici per l'industria elettronica. Avvalendosi delle più moderne tecnologie produttive e di macchine a controllo numerico di ultima generazione, ed attraverso l'esperienza e know-how del proprio ufficio tecnico, **Mecc.AI** offre ai propri clienti una gamma completa di dissipatori in alluminio estrusi, saldati, assemblati ad alte prestazioni, piatti ad acqua, sistemi a clips e ad alette resinare per una ampia varietà di applicazioni, dai gruppi di continuità ai sistemi di telecomunicazione, dall'elettronica industriale di potenza ai sistemi per energia rinnovabile, dal ferroviario all'automotive.

Mecc.AI srl, founded in 1996, is one of the seven companies belonging to the largest Italian private industrial group in the sector of rolled aluminum products with a total annual manufactured volume of over 110,000 tons exported to 85 countries. Heading the group is **Profilglass SpA**, world leader in the production of spacers and decorative profiles for insulating glass. **Mecc.AI** is the company of the group specialized in the design and manufacture of heat sinks and mechanical support for the electronics industry. Using the most modern design and production technologies and last generation CNC machines, and through the experience and know-how of its Technical Department, **Mecc.AI** offers its customers a full range of aluminum heat sinks extruded, welded, assembled high-performance, liquid cooled plates, clip systems and bonded fins for a wide variety of applications, from uninterruptible power supplies to network-communications, from power electronics to renewable energy, railway and automotive sectors.



Qualità, efficienza e servizio

Quality, efficiency and service



Mecc.AI fornisce da sempre prodotti che soddisfano o eccedono le richieste dei clienti per qualità, tempi di consegna e prestazioni. È una filosofia che i nostri dipendenti hanno assimilato a tutti i livelli, assicurando uno standard qualitativo elevato e costante nel tempo riuscendo così a perseguire l'obiettivo della piena soddisfazione del cliente.

La ricerca della qualità in tutti gli aspetti della produzione è uno dei punti fondamentali di **Mecc.AI**, certificata dall'ente internazionale DNV, secondo la norma UNI EN ISO 9001:2008, grazie anche ad una accurata politica di selezione e controllo rivolta verso i nostri partner e fornitori.

Il reparto di R&S e l'Ufficio Tecnico di **Mecc.AI** sono in grado di fornire ogni tipo di informazione relativa al prodotto e al suo migliore utilizzo, e di sviluppare dissipatori e profili speciali su specifica del cliente, fornendo assistenza e supporto per l'ottimizzazione delle performance termiche del dissipatore con un laboratorio specializzato nella simulazione e caratterizzazione che si avvale di strumenti software all'avanguardia come SolidWorks Flow Simulation.

Un prodotto di alta qualità, affidabile ed esauriente, la capacità manifatturiera, il personale dedicato e qualificato ed il rispetto rigoroso dei tempi di consegna sono i punti di forza di **Mecc.AI** che la rendono partner ideale per tutte le esigenze nell'ambito della dissipazione del calore.

Il nostro impegno alla qualità si rivolge allo stesso tempo al rispetto della salute umana ed ambientale, offrendo prodotti conformi alla direttiva RoHS e REACH che limita la presenza di sostanze pericolose nella produzione di apparecchiature elettriche ed elettroniche.



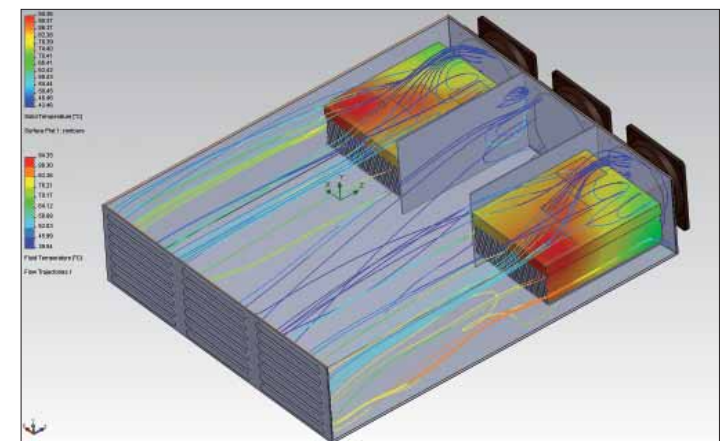
Since always and as a company prerogative **Mecc.AI** provides products that meet or exceed customer requirements in terms of quality, delivery terms and performance. It is a philosophy that our employees have assimilated at all levels, ensuring a high standard of quality and constant over time allowing them to pursue the goal of the complete customer satisfaction.

Top quality in all aspects of production is one of the key points of **Mecc.AI**, certified UNI EN ISO 9001:2008 by the International Accredited Unit DNV, thanks also to an extremely careful policy of selection and control of our partners and suppliers.

The R&D and Technical Department of **Mecc.AI** can provide any information and support on the product and its best use and application, and is able to design and develop new heat sinks and special profiles according to customer specifications optimizing the thermal performance of the heat sinks also supported by SolidWorks Flow Simulation software.

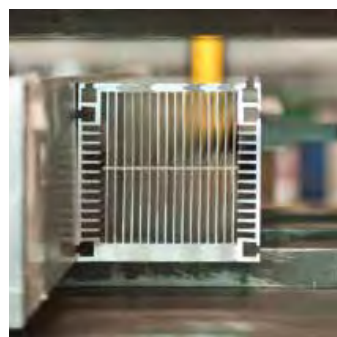
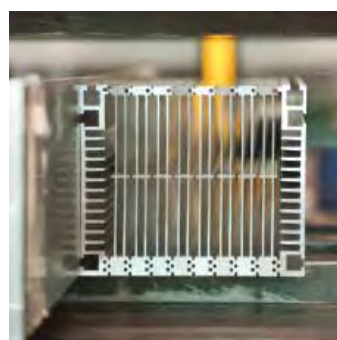
The ability to provide a high quality product, reliable and comprehensive manufacturing capacity, dedicated and qualified staff and strict respect to the short delivery terms are the strengths of **Mecc.AI** that make us an ideal partner for all requirements on thermal management.

Our commitment to quality is targeted at the same time to human and environmental respect and health, by offering products that meet the RoHS and REACH directives that restrict the presence of hazardous substances in the production of electrical and electronic equipment.



La produzione

The production



Dotata della migliore tecnologia, un magazzino fornito da più di 400 diversi profili estrusi e un processo produttivo supportato da diversi centri di lavoro a controllo numerico multi pallet, **Mecc.AI** riesce a far fronte ad ordini per piccoli e grandi quantitativi garantendo sempre la massima qualità e puntualità nelle consegne. Grazie all'utilizzo dei più moderni software di progettazione CAD/CAM, di SolidWorks e SolidCAM, siamo in grado di fornire soluzioni efficaci anche su progetti complessi, garantendo fin dal primo stadio di sviluppo la totale rispondenza alle specifiche del cliente. Il Sistema Controllo Qualità è supportato dall'utilizzo dei più moderni strumenti di misurazione verticale e tridimensionale.

Sono disponibili in produzione:

- Macchine per il taglio automatico e semiautomatico
- Macchine CNC multi pallet
- Presse
- Macchine saldatrici
- Sistemi di lavaggio ad ultrasuoni.

Oltre a qualsiasi tipo di lavorazione meccanica, grazie al proprio impianto di ossidazione, **Mecc.AI** offre la possibilità delle seguenti finiture superficiali:

- Anodizzazione (nera o con colore a richiesta)
- Alodine o Surtec
- Burattatura
- Grezzo
- Sabbiatura
- Verniciatura.

Equipped with the best technology, a warehouse provided by more than 400 different extruded profiles available on stock and a manufacturing process supported by several multi pallet computer numerical controlled machines, **Mecc.AI** is able to manage orders for small and large quantities always providing the highest quality and timeliness deliveries.

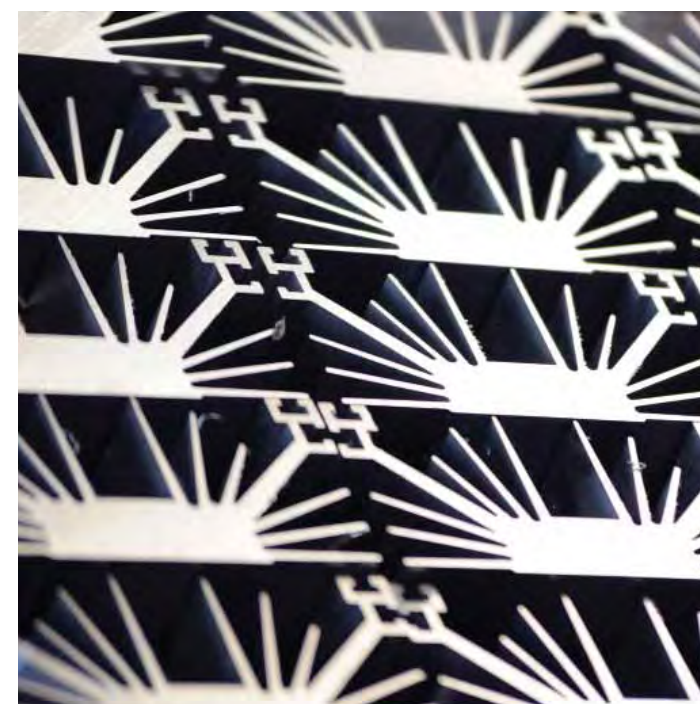
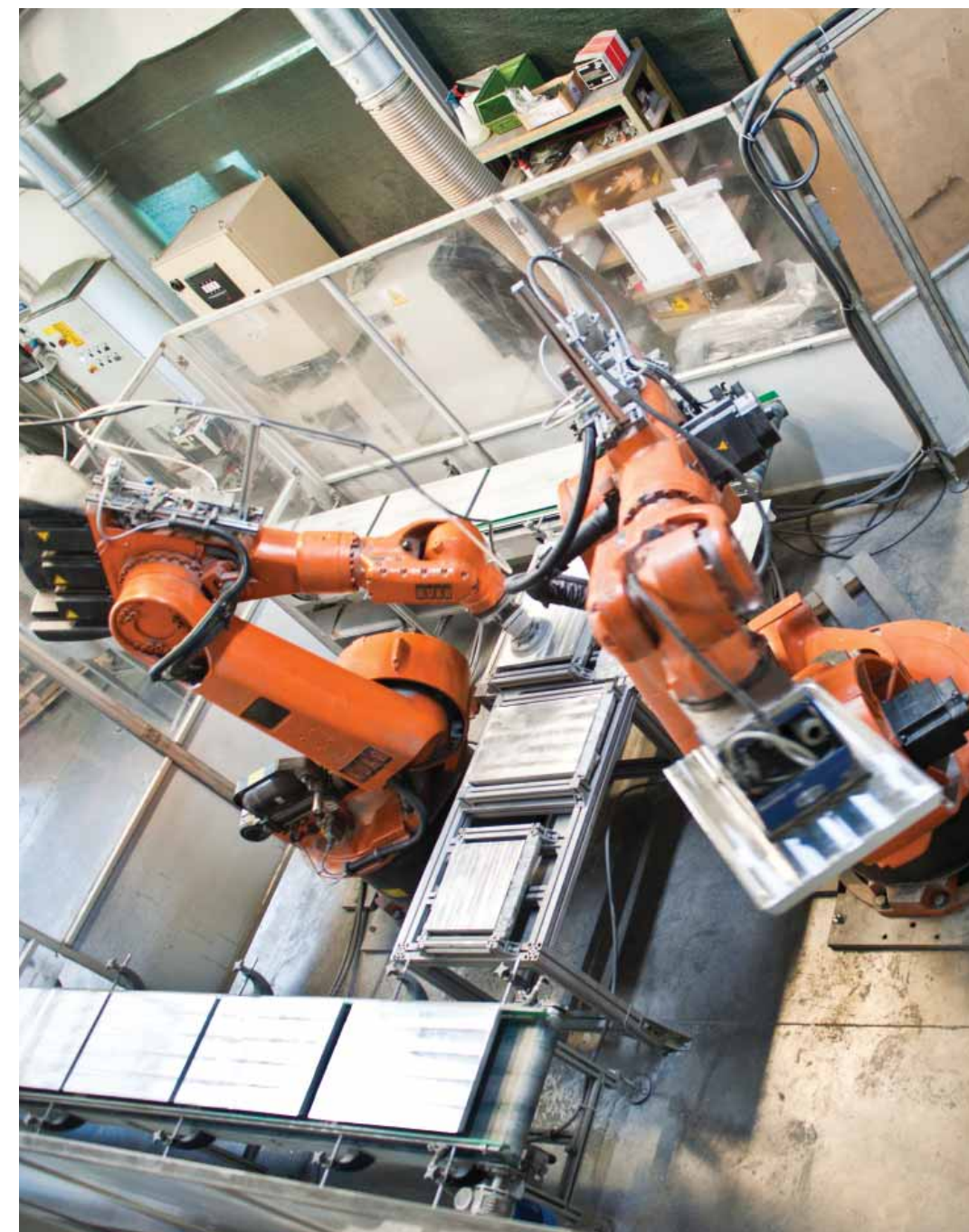
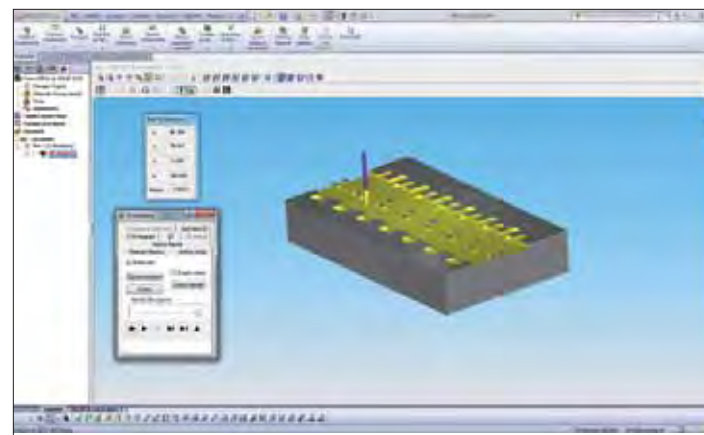
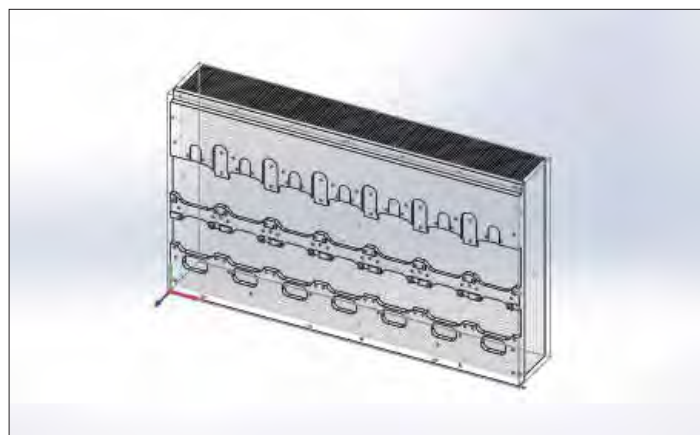
Thanks to the latest CAD/CAM design software, SolidWorks and SolidCAM, we can also provide effective solutions to complex projects, guaranteeing the full compliance to customer specifications from the very first stage of product design. The Quality Control is also supported by the use of 3-D Measuring machines and Height gauge machine.

The following technologies are available in our manufacturing plants:

- Automatic and semi-automating cutting machines
- Multi pallets CNC machines
- Presses
- Welding machines
- Ultrasound washing systems.

Besides to every kind of mechanical machining, through own anodizing plant, **Mecc.AI** offers the possibility of the following finishing surfaces:

- Black or coloured anodizing
- Alodine or Surtec passivation
- Barrel finishing
- Raw
- Sandblasting
- Painting.





Il prodotto

The product

1



Estruso

Extruded heat sink

Il processo di estrusione dell'alluminio permette di ottenere profili di infinite forme anche complesse. Variando la forma del profilo, cambia la superficie di contatto con l'aria e di conseguenza la capacità di dissipazione. I prodotti estrusi sono generalmente utilizzati in sistemi di media potenza sia in convezione naturale che forzata. I dissipatori estrusi vengono presentati suddivisi per forma (T, H, L, K, E, U, P, pettine e PC pettine e coperchio), larghezza ed altezza, ed organizzati in ordine crescente di dimensioni. Ad esempio, **P400 40** sta ad indicare un dissipatore estruso a forma di Pettine, largo 400 mm e alto 40 mm.

The aluminium extrusion process allows to make innumerable shapes profiles. By modifying the shape of the profile, the surface in contact with air changes and consequently the dissipation capability does. The extruded heat sinks are generally used in medium electric power systems both in natural and forced convection. The extruded heat sinks are presented divided by shape (T, H, L, K, E, U, P flat back and PC flat back with cover), width and height, and shown in increasing order of size. For example, **P400 40** indicates an extruded heat sink having a flat back shape (P), 400 mm wide and 40 mm high.

2



Saldato

Welded heat sink

Per ottenere profili di dimensioni elevate non realizzabili direttamente con l'estrusione, si possono saldare tra loro due o più profili estrusi. La saldatura è estremamente flessibile alle esigenze dimensionali del cliente e utilizzabile per qualsiasi modifica a profili già esistenti. **Mecc.Al** mette a disposizione appositi profili estrusi già smussati per una più efficiente operazione di saldatura, oltre ad una tecnologia all'avanguardia su macchine dedicate che evita l'aggiunta di materiale di saldatura sul dissipatore.

To obtain wider profiles than the ones achievable from extrusion process, it is possible to join together two or more extruded profiles through welding process. This process is extremely flexible to dimensional customer requirements and serviceable for any modification on existing extruded profiles. **Mecc.Al** provides already bevelled profiles for a higher efficient welding operation, in addition to a technology on dedicated machines which avoids additional welding material into the heat sink.

3



Sistema a molla

Clip system

Il sistema a molla, combinazione di dissipatore e molla di fissaggio, viene particolarmente utilizzato nelle schede elettroniche PCB per il raffreddamento dei package TO-220, TO-247 e similari. Analogamente al tradizionale sistema di fissaggio a vite, il sistema di assemblaggio a molla offre le stesse prestazioni di scambio di calore tra dissipatore e componente elettronico con notevoli vantaggi in termini tecnici e di produttività. Oltre a fornire una pressione omogenea e misurata al centro del dispositivo a semiconduttore, i sistemi a molla semplificano notevolmente sia la fase di primo assemblaggio che quella di smontaggio e rimontaggio in seguito a manutenzioni.

The clip system, combination of heat sink and clamping clip, is particularly used in PCB electronic circuit boards for the cooling of TO-220, TO-247 and similar packages. Like the conventional screw assembled system, the clip system offers the same performance of heat exchange between heat sink and the electronic device with considerable technical and productivity advantages. In addition to providing an evenly and measured pressure at the center of the semiconductor device, the clip systems greatly simplify both the first phase of assembly and the disassembly-reassembly during maintenance.



Alta efficienza

High performance heat sink

Questa linea di prodotti nasce dalla continua e crescente esigenza di fornire dissipatori dalle prestazioni termiche sempre maggiori.

Per raggiungere questo obiettivo, abbiamo lavorato sulla sezione della singola aletta, sul numero di alette e sulla loro disposizione.

Ottenuti assemblando meccanicamente le singole alette, i dissipatori ad alta efficienza offrono inoltre una elevata flessibilità dimensionale e stesse caratteristiche meccaniche dei dissipatori estrusi, rendendoli particolarmente adatti per l'utilizzo in sistemi ad alta potenza in convezione forzata.

Definiti Profili Assemblati (PA) sono suddivisi per larghezza ed altezza del singolo profilo aletta o modulo ed organizzati in ordine crescente di dimensioni.

The high performance heat sinks series born from the continuous and growing need to have heat sinks with higher thermal performances.

To reach that purpose, we worked on every single fin section, on fins number and on their layout on the sink. Got by assembling the single fins mechanically, the high performance heat sinks provide an high dimensional flexibility together with the good mechanical characteristics of the extruded heat sinks. The high performance heat sinks are mostly used in high electric power systems in forced convection. The Assembled Profiles (PA) are divided by width and height of the single fin or module and shown in increasing order of size.



Alette resinate

Bonded fins heat sink

Il dissipatore ad alette resinate è ottenuto assemblando la base del dissipatore e le alette attraverso l'utilizzo di resina epossidica ad alta conducibilità termica. Studiati per applicazioni in convezione forzata, questa famiglia di dissipatori offre prestazioni termiche elevate insieme alla migliore flessibilità dimensionale. Ottenuti da piatti e laminati prodotti internamente al nostro gruppo industriale, i dissipatori resinati non necessitano di particolari matrici di estrusione ed offrono la possibilità di combinare diversi materiali quali rame e alluminio.

The bonded fins heat sink is obtained by assembling the base of the heat sink and the fins using high thermal conductivity epoxy.

Designed for forced convection applications, this family of heat sinks offers high thermal performance along with the best dimensional flexibility.

Obtained from metal plates and sheets made in our industrial group, bonded fins heat sinks do not require dedicated extrusion tool and offer the possibility of combining different materials such as copper and aluminum.



A liquido

Liquid cooled plate

Sfruttando l'elevata conducibilità termica dei liquidi, i sistemi di raffreddamento a liquido, comprensivi di pompa, piastra raffreddata a liquido, scambiatore di calore e vaso di espansione, sono riservati alle applicazioni caratterizzate da potenze dissipate troppo elevate per effettuare un raffreddamento ad aria.

Oltre a profili standard in cui i canali di raffreddamento sono ottenuti direttamente dal processo di estrusione o di lavorazione meccanica, Mecc.AL produce piatti a liquido in alluminio completi di sistemi di canalizzazione in rame, alluminio o acciaio e terminazioni completamente personalizzabili su richiesta del cliente.

By taking advantage of liquids high thermal conductivity, the liquid cooling systems, comprehensive of pump, liquid cooled plate, heat exchanger and expansion tank, are reserved for those applications where the required power dissipation is too high for conventional air cooled heat sinks.

Apart from standard plates where the cooling canals are got directly from extrusion or machining process, Mecc.AL makes aluminum liquid plates having copper, aluminum or stainless steel pipe canalization system and end connections according to customer requirements.

Materiale e lavorazioni meccaniche

La leggerezza ($2,7 \text{ g/cm}^3$), la conducibilità termica ($220 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$) e l'elevata lavorabilità sono le proprietà principali che rendono l'alluminio il metallo adatto alla fabbricazione dei nostri sistemi di dissipazione termica. Salvo diversa indicazione, le caratteristiche dei profili estrusi utilizzati sono le seguenti:

- Composizione chimica: Lega Alluminio EN AW-6060, 6061, 6063 or 6082, secondo la norma europea EN 573-3
- Caratteristiche meccaniche: T5 o T6, secondo norma la norma europea EN 755-2
- Tolleranze dimensionali e di forma secondo la norma europea EN 755-9.

Se non diversamente specificato a disegno e accordato col cliente, i prodotti sono lavorati meccanicamente in rispetto alle tolleranze generali specificate nella norma ISO 2768-m. Tuttavia, salvo indicazione contraria, i pezzi non conformi alle tolleranze generali prescritte non devono essere automaticamente rifiutati quando la funzionalità del pezzo non risulta compromessa.

Prodotti speciali

Mecc.AL produce e commercializza supporti meccanici in alluminio per l'industria elettronica quali:

- Barre commerciali estruse (barre piatte, angolari, barre quadrate e profilati a L e ad U)
- Scatole e contenitori estrusi
- Scatole per alta frequenza ottenute da blocchetti pieni in alluminio.

Material and mechanical machining

The lightness ($2,7 \text{ g/cm}^3$), the thermal conductivity ($220 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$) and the malleability are the main properties making aluminium the most suitable metal for our heat dissipation systems. If not otherwise stated, the characteristics of used extruded profiles are:

- Chemistry composition: Aluminium Alloy EN AW-6060, 6061, 6063 or 6082, according to EN 573-3 European regulation
- Mechanical characteristic: T5 or T6, according to EN 755-2 European regulation
- Tolerances on dimensions and form according to EN755-9 European regulation.

If not specified on drawing and agreed with customer, the heat sinks are machined according to general tolerances indicated on ISO 2768-m international regulation.

However, if not otherwise stated, not comply pieces to above general tolerances should not automatically be refused when their functionality is not compromised.

Special products

Mecc.AL manufactures and supplies the following mechanical supports for electronic industry:

- Extruded commercial profiles (flat bars, angles, square bars, L and U profiles)
- Extruded boxes and cases
- Enclosures for high frequency technology made from a full aluminium profile.



Informazioni tecniche Technical information

Come scegliere un dissipatore

L'impiego di un dissipatore di calore in un sistema elettronico, favorendo la trasmissione termica fra dispositivo e ambiente, porta ad una riduzione della resistenza termica dell'intero sistema, permettendo di diminuire la temperatura raggiunta dal dispositivo elettronico a parità di potenza dissipata oppure, sfruttando la massima temperatura di lavoro, di disporre di una potenza dissipabile più elevata.

Le prestazioni di un dissipatore si misurano con la sua resistenza termica $R_{TH}[K/W]$ fornita dal costruttore che tiene conto della trasmissione di calore per convezione ed irraggiamento dal dissipatore all'ambiente circostante più freddo.

La resistenza termica di un dissipatore dipende da diversi fattori quali materiale utilizzato (conducibilità termica), forma e dimensioni, colore e finitura superficiale (efficienza di irraggiamento e resistenza di contatto), condizioni di ventilazione e di montaggio (convezione naturale o forzata). Più piccola è la resistenza termica, e migliori sono le prestazioni di un dissipatore. Conoscendo la temperatura ambientale T_a , la potenza massima dissipata dal dispositivo P_d , la sua resistenza termica giunzione-contenitore R_{THje} e la temperatura massima consentita T_j , la massima re-

How to select a heat sink

A heat sink in an electronic system, by enhancing the heat dissipation from the electronic device (hot surface) to the colder surrounding environment, allows to decrease the thermal resistance of the whole system and therefore the temperature achieved from the device is lower. In the same way, by fixing the maximum device working temperature, a heat sink allows to dissipate a higher power. The performance of a heat sink is related to its thermal resistance $R_{TH}[K/W]$ provided by the manufacturer's datasheet, that takes in account of the convection and radiation heat transferring from the heat sink to the surrounding environment. The thermal resistance depends on different factors: material (thermal conductivity), shape and size, colour and surface finishing (radiation efficiency and contact resistance), convection power and heat sink mounting position (natural or forced convection). Obviously, to a smaller thermal resistance corresponds a better heat sink performance. By knowing the ambient temperature T_a , the power to be dissipate from the electronic device P_d , its junction to case thermal resistance R_{THje} and maximum allowable tempe-

Informazioni tecniche

Technical information

sistenza termica del dissipatore richiesta da progetto è calcolabile come

$$R_{TH} = \frac{T_j - T_a}{P_d} - R_{THje} - R_{THch}$$

Dove R_{THch} è la resistenza termica tra il contenitore del dispositivo elettronico e dissipatore, dipendente dal materiale usato all'interfaccia per omogeneizzare la superficie di contatto (usualmente grasso di silicone). Occorre quindi scegliere da catalogo un dissipatore con una resistenza termica almeno inferiore a quella calcolata.

Condizioni di misura della resistenza termica

Nel presente catalogo i dissipatori sono presentati ordinati per forma e dimensioni espresse in millimetri. Per ogni profilo, sono riportati i seguenti parametri:

- Kg/mt: Peso in chilogrammi del profilo per unità di lunghezza (metro)
- L: Lunghezza in millimetri del dissipatore fissata per il calcolo della resistenza termica indicata
- W: Larghezza in millimetri del dissipatore fissata per il calcolo della resistenza termica indicata (solo per i dissipatori assemblati ad **alta efficienza**)
- $R_{TH,N}$: Resistenza termica in convezione naturale espressa in K/W con sopraelevazione di temperatura di 70°C (temperatura ambiente 25°C)
- $R_{TH,F}$: Resistenza termica in convezione forzata espressa in K/W con velocità dell'aria pari a 3 m/s e sopraelevazione di temperatura di 50°C (temperatura ambiente 25°C). Per flussi d'aria a diverse velocità, fare riferimento al grafico "**Air Speed Correction Factor**" per la determinazione del fattore di moltiplicazione da applicare alla resistenza termica indicata.

I valori di resistenza termica riportati derivano da prove effettuate in laboratorio a temperatura controllata in condizioni verosimili a quelle riscontrate nella realtà. In particolare:

- Sorgente di calore posta al centro del dissipatore con interposizione di grasso di silicone
- Temperatura misurata sulla superficie del dissipatore nelle immediate vicinanze della sorgente di calore attraverso termocoppie a bassa inerzia termica
- In convezione naturale, dissipatore disposto nella condizione di massima efficienza con alettatura verticale. Per il montaggio orizzontale, occorre considerare un aumento di $R_{TH,N}$ del 20% circa
- Superficie del dissipatore non trattata. Per il particolare anodizzato nero in convezione naturale, il valore della resistenza termica $R_{TH,N}$ va diminuito del 10% circa
- I valori delle resistenze termiche sono relative ai valori di lunghezza indicati. All'aumentare della lunghezza del dissipatore la resistenza termica diminuisce con legge non lineare.

ature T_j , it is possible to calculate the maximum allowable heat sink thermal resistance value as

$$R_{TH} = \frac{T_j - T_a}{P_d} - R_{THje} - R_{THch}$$

Where R_{THch} is the case to heat sink thermal resistance, depending on thermal resistivity of the material used on the case to heat sink interface for getting an homogeneous contact surface (usually, silicone grease). Therefore it is necessary to select on the catalogue a heat sink having a thermal resistance value at least less than the calculated one.

Measurement of thermal resistance

In the catalogue, the heat sinks are shown divided for kind of product and shape, in increasing order by size (in millimetres). For each profile, the following parameters are indicated:

- Kg/mt: Profile weight (kilograms per metre)
- L: Heat sink length in millimetres, fixed in order to calculate the shown thermal resistance
- W: Heat sink width in millimetres, fixed in order to calculate the shown thermal resistance (only for **High Performance heat sink**)
- $R_{TH,N}$: Thermal resistance [K/W] in natural convection calculated with a 70°C sink to ambient temperature difference (25°C ambient temperature)
- $R_{TH,F}$: Thermal resistance [K/W] in forced convection calculated with an air speed of 3 m/s and a 50°C sink to ambient temperature difference (25°C ambient temperature). For different air flow speed, refer to "**Air Speed Correction Factor**" graph to calculate the multiplication factor to apply to the thermal resistance.

The thermal resistance values come from tests made at **Mecc.AL** air conditioned laboratory with following conditions:

- One heat source placed in the middle of the heat sink by using silicone grease between them
- Temperature measured on the heat sink surface under the heat source through miniaturized thermocouples
- In natural convection tests, fins vertically arranged. In horizontal use, the thermal resistance value $R_{TH,N}$ has to be increased by around 20%
- Raw surface heat sink. For black anodized heat sink surface in natural convection, the thermal resistance value $R_{TH,N}$ has to be decreased by around 10%
- The thermal resistances values are related to the shown profile length. The thermal resistance decreases with a non-linear law by increasing the heat sink length.

Per i dissipatori assemblati ad **Alta Efficienza**, le resistenze termiche sono state calcolate usando dissipatori di lunghezza fissata pari a 150 mm. Per diverse lunghezze, fare riferimento al grafico "**Length Correction Factor**" per il calcolo del fattore di moltiplicazione da applicare alla resistenza termica indicata nel profilo, sia in convezione naturale che forzata

- Per i dissipatori ad **Alta Efficienza**, sono riportati i valori di resistenza termica di assemblati di larghezza (W) di circa 100 mm. Al variare della larghezza del dissipatore, la curva della resistenza termica può essere approssimata in maniera lineare, e dunque raddoppiando la larghezza del dissipatore, la resistenza termica si dimezza.

I dati riportati nel presente catalogo derivano da prove di laboratorio e simulazioni effettuate in modo accurato e pertanto sono da considerare affidabili. Tuttavia, poiché le condizioni reali di utilizzo possono essere diverse da quelle di laboratorio, si consiglia di effettuare una verifica pratica nelle condizioni in cui il dissipatore verrà utilizzato.

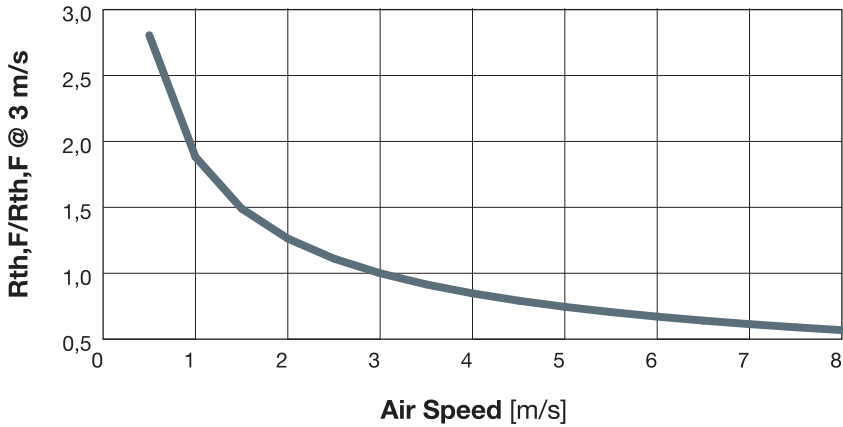
For assembled **High Performance heat sinks**, the thermal resistances have been calculated for a 150 mm long piece. For different lengths, it is necessary to multiply the given thermal resistance value by the appropriate factor provided from "**Length Correction Factor**" graph (for both natural and forced convection cooling)

- For assembled **High Performance heat sinks**, the thermal resistances have been calculated for an around 100 mm wide piece (W). Varying the heat sink width, the thermal resistance curve can be approximated with a linear law, that is by doubling the heat sink width, the thermal resistance is halved.

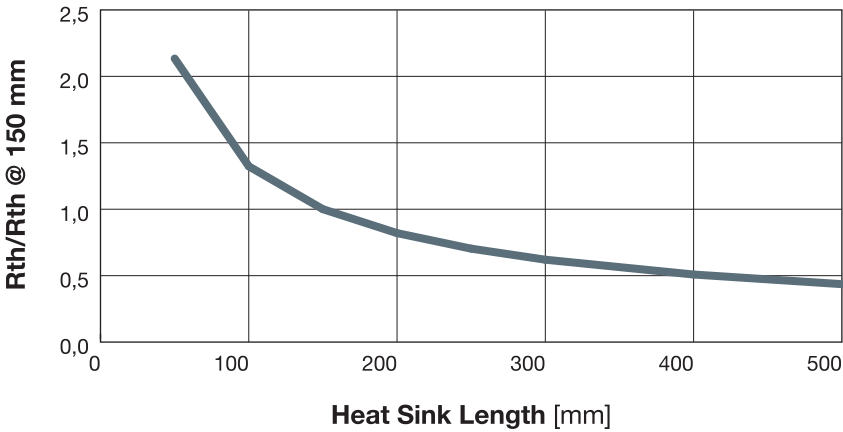
The technical data on this catalogue come from thermal simulations and laboratory tests run in an accurate way, so they can be considered reliable. However, taking into account that the heat sink working conditions of any customized application could be different from the laboratory ones, we suggest to run a thermal test with the same final customer conditions.



Air speed correction factor

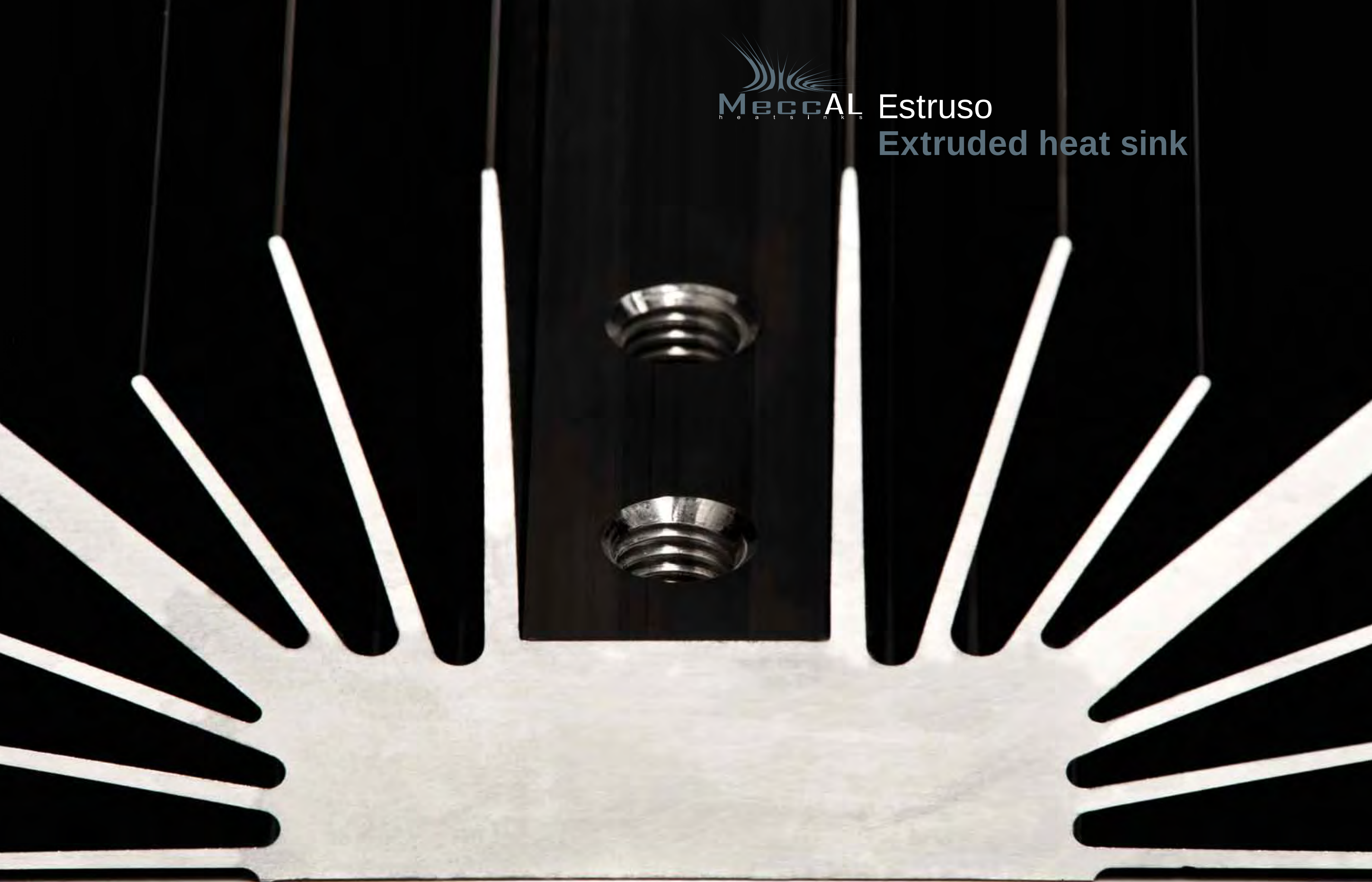


Length correction factor (high performance heatsinks only)



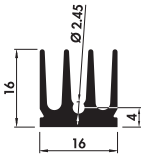


Estruso
Extruded heat sink



Estruso

Extruded heat sink



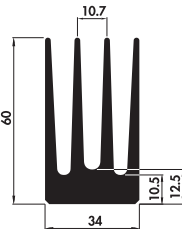
P16 16

Kg/mt: 0,34
L: 30 mm
Rth,N: 11,21 K/W
Rth,F: 3,788 K/W



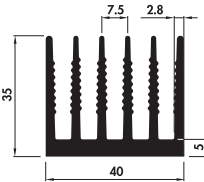
P30,3 45

Kg/mt: 1,80
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,61 K/W
Rth,F: 1,218 K/W



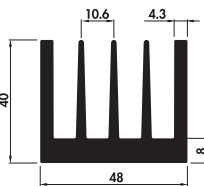
P34 60

Kg/mt: 2,82
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,36 K/W
Rth,F: 1,136 K/W



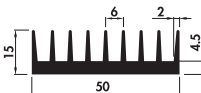
P40 35

Kg/mt: 1,73
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,35 K/W
Rth,F: 1,131 K/W



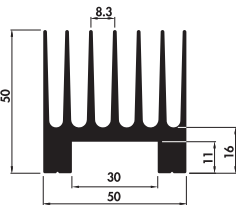
P48 40

Kg/mt: 2,45
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,57 K/W
Rth,F: 1,206 K/W



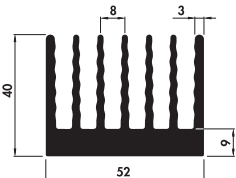
P50 15

Kg/mt: 0,99
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 4,66 K/W
Rth,F: 1,575 K/W



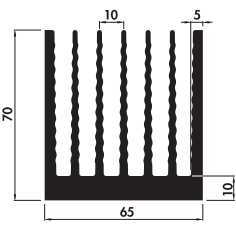
P50 50

Kg/mt: 2,6
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 2,79 K/W
Rth,F: 0,941 K/W



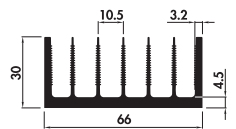
P52 40

Kg/mt: 2,79
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 2,99 K/W
Rth,F: 1,009 K/W



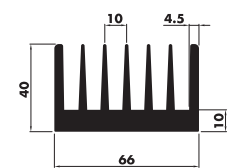
P65 70

Kg/mt: 5,44
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,23 K/W
Rth,F: 0,415 K/W



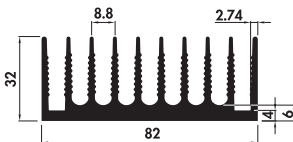
P66 30

Kg/mt: 1,77
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,75 K/W
Rth,F: 0,590 K/W



P66 40

Kg/mt: 3,47
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,76 K/W
Rth,F: 0,594 K/W

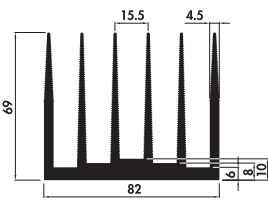


P82 32

Kg/mt: 2,99
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,54 K/W
Rth,F: 0,519 K/W

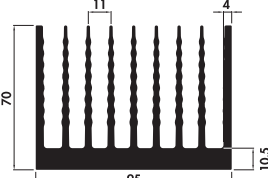
Estruso

Extruded heat sink



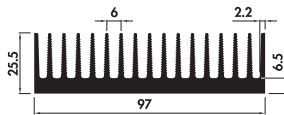
P82 69

Kg/mt: 4,90
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,14 K/W
Rth,F: 0,385 K/W



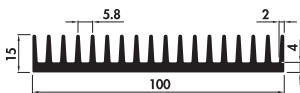
P95 70

Kg/mt: 7,25
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,03 K/W
Rth,F: 0,350 K/W



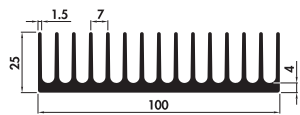
P97 25

Kg/mt: 3,40
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,25 K/W
Rth,F: 0,423 K/W



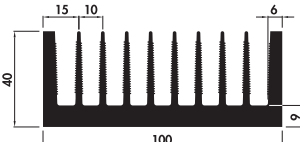
P100 15

Kg/mt: 2,16
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,80 K/W
Rth,F: 0,610 K/W



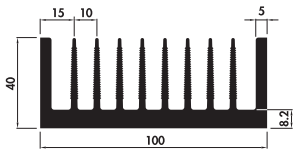
P100 25

Kg/mt: 2,66
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,43 K/W
Rth,F: 0,484 K/W



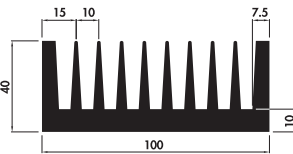
P100 40

Kg/mt: 5,12
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,19 K/W
Rth,F: 0,401 K/W



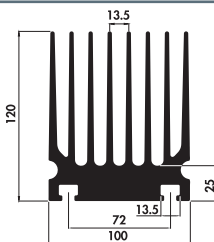
P100 40A

Kg/mt: 4,88
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,24 K/W
Rth,F: 0,419 K/W



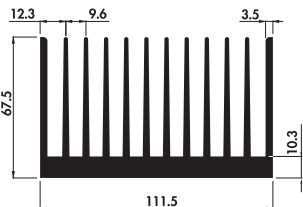
P100 40C

Kg/mt: 5,90
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,44 K/W
Rth,F: 0,486 K/W



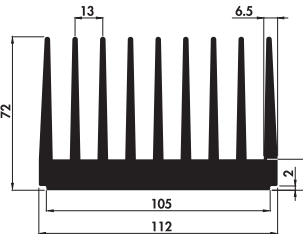
P100 120

Kg/mt: 14,67
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 0,82 K/W
Rth,F: 0,278 K/W



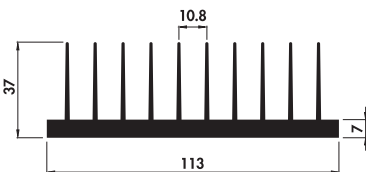
P112 68

Kg/mt: 8,42
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,67 K/W
Rth,F: 0,226 K/W



P112 72

Kg/mt: 9,81
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,79 K/W
Rth,F: 0,266 K/W

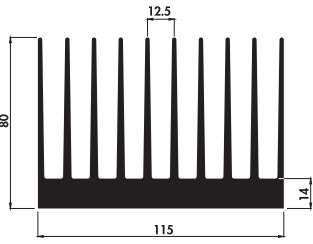


P113 37

Kg/mt: 3,43
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 1,05 K/W
Rth,F: 0,355 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



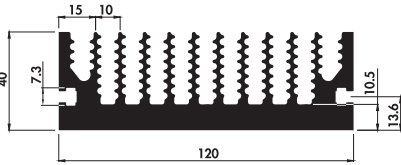
P115 80

Kg/mt: 9,52

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,68 K/W

Rth,F: 0,230 K/W



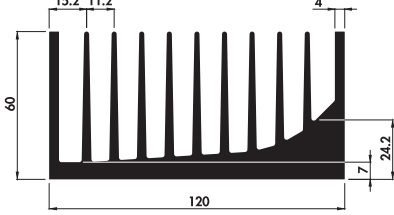
P120 40

Kg/mt: 6,70

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,83 K/W

Rth,F: 0,280 K/W



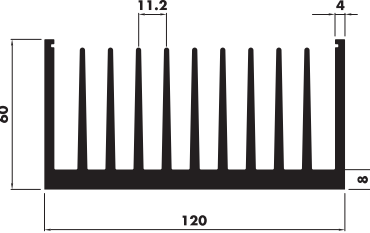
P120 60

Kg/mt: 8,37

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,77 K/W

Rth,F: 0,261 K/W



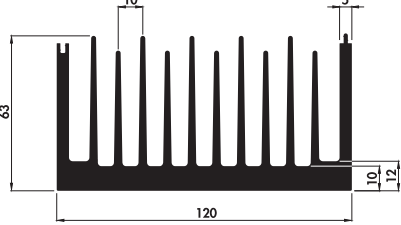
P120 60B

Kg/mt: 7,29

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,76 K/W

Rth,F: 0,258 K/W



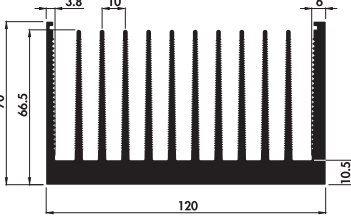
P120 63

Kg/mt: 8,39

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,72 K/W

Rth,F: 0,243 K/W



P120 70

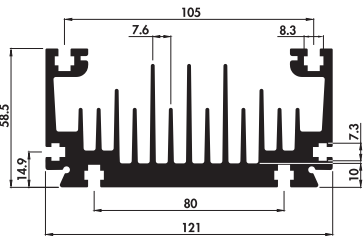
Kg/mt: 8,96

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,55 K/W

Rth,F: 0,185 K/W





P121 58,5

Kg/mt: 7,13

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,77 K/W

Rth,F: 0,260 K/W



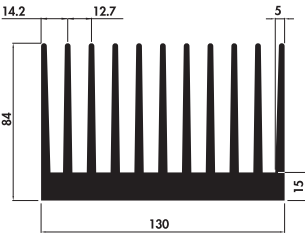
P126 16

Kg/mt: 2,12

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 1,40 K/W

Rth,F: 0,472 K/W



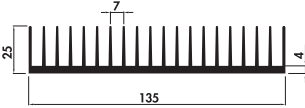
P130 84

Kg/mt: 13,44

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,62 K/W

Rth,F: 0,210 K/W



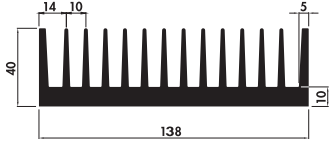
P135 25

Kg/mt: 3,25

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,87 K/W

Rth,F: 0,293 K/W



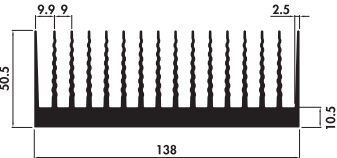
P138 40

Kg/mt: 7,29

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,88 K/W

Rth,F: 0,299 K/W



P138 50

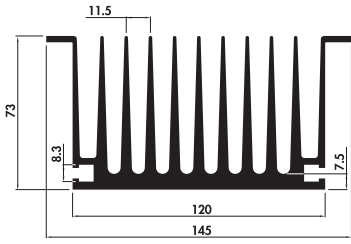
Kg/mt: 7,55

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,67 K/W

Rth,F: 0,228 K/W





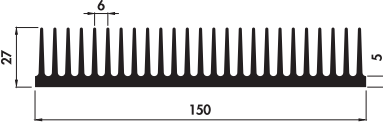
P145 73

Kg/mt: 9,34

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,216 K/W



P150 27

Kg/mt: 5,17

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,76 K/W

Rth,F: 0,256 K/W



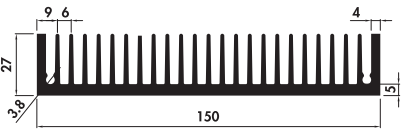
P150 27A

Kg/mt: 5,27

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,74 K/W

Rth,F: 0,251 K/W



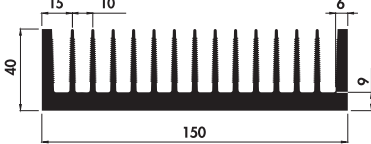
P150 27AF

Kg/mt: 5,29

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,74 K/W

Rth,F: 0,251 K/W



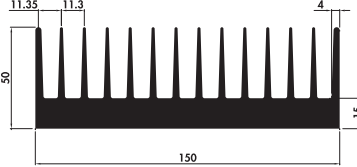
P150 40

Kg/mt: 7,42

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,68 K/W

Rth,F: 0,299 K/W



P150 50

Kg/mt: 9,58

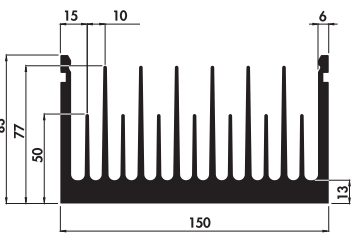
L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,78 K/W

Rth,F: 0,265 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



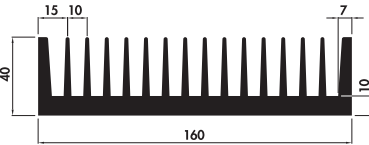
P150 83

Kg/mt: 12,33

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,61 K/W

Rth,F: 0,205 K/W



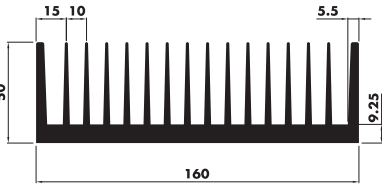
P160 40

Kg/mt: 8,64

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,218 K/W



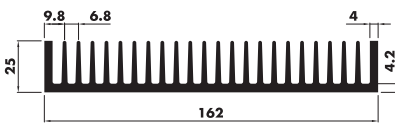
P160 50

Kg/mt: 8,86

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,55 K/W

Rth,F: 0,184 K/W



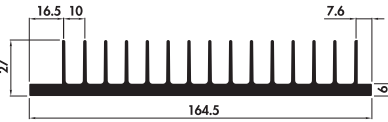
P162 25

Kg/mt: 5,23

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,216 K/W



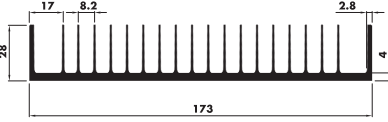
P164 27

Kg/mt: 4,16

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,79 K/W

Rth,F: 0,267 K/W



P173 28

Kg/mt: 4,22

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,44 K/W

Rth,F: 0,148 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



Technical drawing of the P188 30 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 188 mm, a height of 30 mm, and a fin pitch of 14 mm. The fin height is 9 mm. The mounting holes are 4 mm in diameter and 8 mm apart.

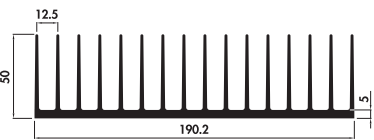
P188 30

Kg/mt: 7,36

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,216 K/W



Technical drawing of the P190 50 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 190.2 mm, a height of 50 mm, and a fin pitch of 12.5 mm. The fin height is 12.5 mm. The mounting holes are 5 mm in diameter and 19 mm apart.

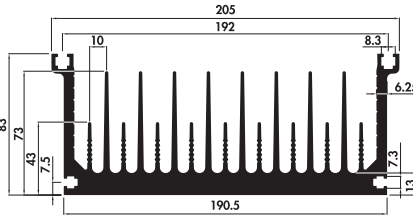
P190 50

Kg/mt: 6,87

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,51 K/W

Rth,F: 0,171 K/W



Technical drawing of the P190 83 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 190.5 mm, a height of 83 mm, and a fin pitch of 10 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 6.25 mm in diameter and 13 mm apart.

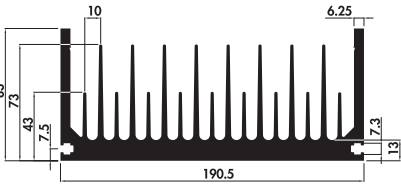
P190 83

Kg/mt: 14,83

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,146 K/W



Technical drawing of the P190 83A heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 190.5 mm, a height of 83 mm, and a fin pitch of 10 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 6.25 mm in diameter and 13 mm apart.

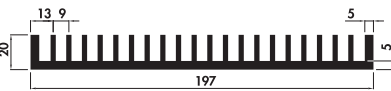
P190 83A

Kg/mt: 14,75

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,45 K/W

Rth,F: 0,146 K/W



Technical drawing of the P197 20 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 197 mm, a height of 20 mm, and a fin pitch of 13 mm. The fin height is 9 mm. The mounting holes are 5 mm in diameter and 5 mm apart.

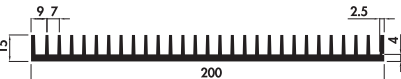
P197 20

Kg/mt: 5,50

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,72 K/W

Rth,F: 0,244 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 15 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 15 mm, and a fin pitch of 9 mm. The fin height is 7 mm. The mounting holes are 2.5 mm in diameter and 4 mm apart.

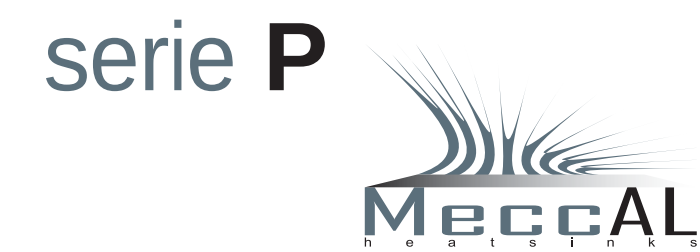
P200 15

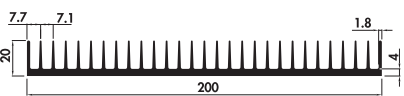
Kg/mt: 3,90

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,74 K/W

Rth,F: 0,250 K/W





Technical drawing of the P200 20 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 20 mm, and a fin pitch of 7.7 mm. The fin height is 7.1 mm. The mounting holes are 1.8 mm in diameter and 4 mm apart.

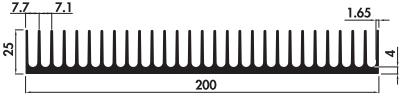
P200 20

Kg/mt: 4,07

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,216 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 25 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 25 mm, and a fin pitch of 7.7 mm. The fin height is 7.1 mm. The mounting holes are 1.65 mm in diameter and 4 mm apart.

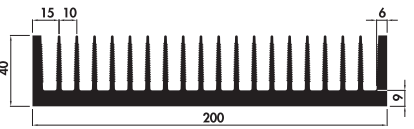
P200 25

Kg/mt: 5,38

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,56 K/W

Rth,F: 0,190 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 40 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 40 mm, and a fin pitch of 15 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 6 mm in diameter and 9 mm apart.

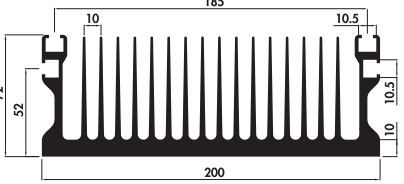
P200 40

Kg/mt: 9,72

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,46 K/W

Rth,F: 0,154 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 72 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 72 mm, and a fin pitch of 10 mm. The fin height is 10.5 mm. The mounting holes are 10.5 mm in diameter and 10 mm apart.

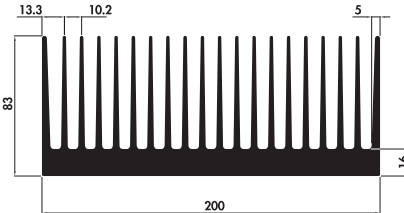
P200 72

Kg/mt: 14,53

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,38 K/W

Rth,F: 0,130 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 83 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 83 mm, and a fin pitch of 13.3 mm. The fin height is 10.2 mm. The mounting holes are 5 mm in diameter and 16 mm apart.

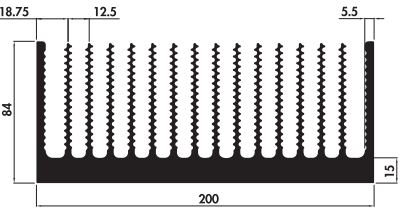
P200 83

Kg/mt: 19,90

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,35 K/W

Rth,F: 0,119 K/W



Technical drawing of the P200 84 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 200 mm, a height of 84 mm, and a fin pitch of 18.75 mm. The fin height is 12.5 mm. The mounting holes are 5.5 mm in diameter and 15 mm apart.

P200 84

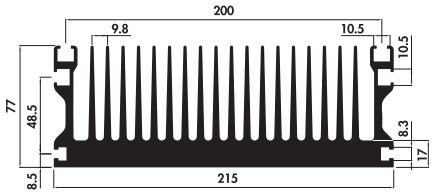
Kg/mt: 17,74

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,34 K/W

Rth,F: 0,113 K/W





Technical drawing of the P215 77 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 215 mm, a height of 77 mm, and a fin pitch of 9.8 mm. The fin height is 10.5 mm. The mounting holes are 10.5 mm in diameter and 17 mm apart.

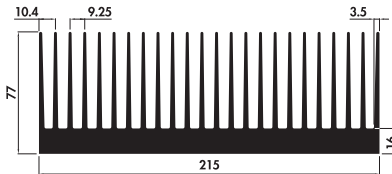
P215 77

Kg/mt: 22,15

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,31 K/W

Rth,F: 0,104 K/W



Technical drawing of the P215 77A heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 215 mm, a height of 77 mm, and a fin pitch of 10.4 mm. The fin height is 9.25 mm. The mounting holes are 3.5 mm in diameter and 16 mm apart.

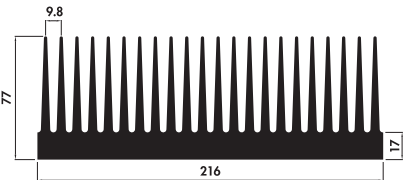
P215 77A

Kg/mt: 19,80

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,28 K/W

Rth,F: 0,096 K/W



Technical drawing of the P216 77 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 216 mm, a height of 77 mm, and a fin pitch of 9.8 mm. The fin height is 9.8 mm. The mounting holes are 17 mm in diameter and 17 mm apart.

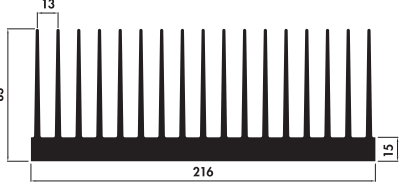
P216 77

Kg/mt: 24,00

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,31 K/W

Rth,F: 0,103 K/W



Technical drawing of the P216 83 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 216 mm, a height of 83 mm, and a fin pitch of 13 mm. The fin height is 13 mm. The mounting holes are 15 mm in diameter and 15 mm apart.

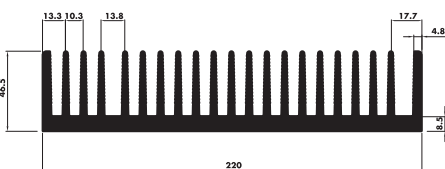
P216 83

Kg/mt: 18,07

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,32 K/W

Rth,F: 0,110 K/W



Technical drawing of the P220 46 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 220 mm, a height of 46.5 mm, and a fin pitch of 13.3 mm. The fin height is 10.3 mm. The mounting holes are 13.8 mm in diameter and 4.8 mm apart.

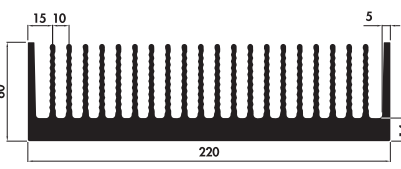
P220 46

Kg/mt: 11,27

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,39 K/W

Rth,F: 0,130 K/W



Technical drawing of the P220 60 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 220 mm, a height of 60 mm, and a fin pitch of 15 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 5 mm in diameter and 14 mm apart.

P220 60

Kg/mt: 17,27

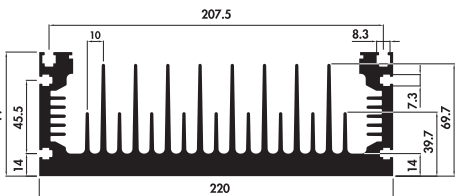
L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,35 K/W

Rth,F: 0,118 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



Technical drawing of the P220 77 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 220 mm, a height of 77 mm, and a fin pitch of 10 mm. The fin height is 8.3 mm. The mounting holes are 8.3 mm in diameter and 14 mm apart.

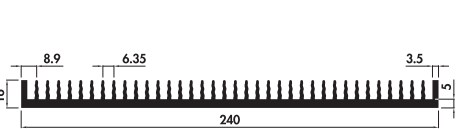
P220 77

Kg/mt: 17,54

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,36 K/W

Rth,F: 0,121 K/W



Technical drawing of the P240 16 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 240 mm, a height of 16 mm, and a fin pitch of 8.9 mm. The fin height is 6.35 mm. The mounting holes are 3.5 mm in diameter and 5 mm apart.

P240 16

Kg/mt: 5,57

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,54 K/W

Rth,F: 0,184 K/W



Technical drawing of the P245 25 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 245.6 mm, a height of 25 mm, and a fin pitch of 9.2 mm. The fin height is 7.1 mm. The mounting holes are 2 mm in diameter and 5 mm apart.

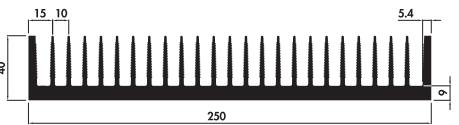
P245 25

Kg/mt: 6,39

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,144 K/W



Technical drawing of the P250 40 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 250 mm, a height of 40 mm, and a fin pitch of 15 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 5.4 mm in diameter and 6 mm apart.

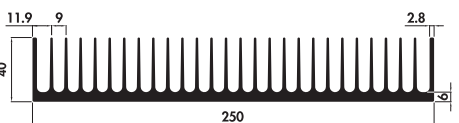
P250 40

Kg/mt: 11,94

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,33 K/W

Rth,F: 0,113 K/W



Technical drawing of the P250 40A heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 250 mm, a height of 40 mm, and a fin pitch of 11.9 mm. The fin height is 9 mm. The mounting holes are 2.8 mm in diameter and 5 mm apart.

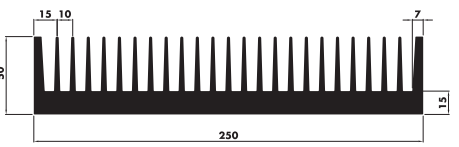
P250 40A

Kg/mt: 9,66

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,36 K/W

Rth,F: 0,123 K/W



Technical drawing of the P250 50 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a base width of 250 mm, a height of 50 mm, and a fin pitch of 15 mm. The fin height is 10 mm. The mounting holes are 7 mm in diameter and 13 mm apart.

P250 50

Kg/mt: 17,70

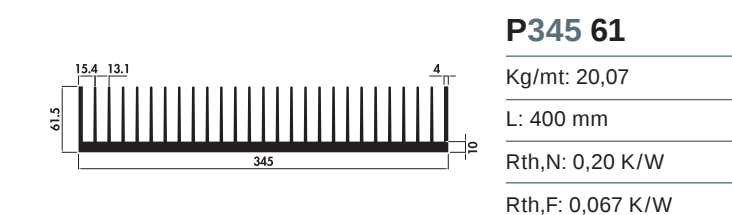
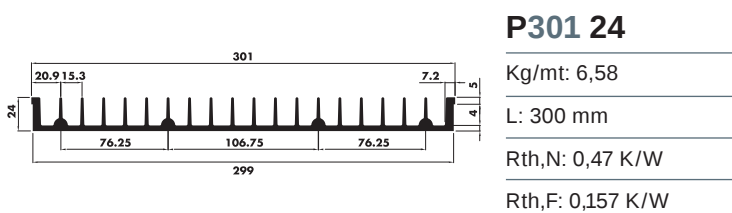
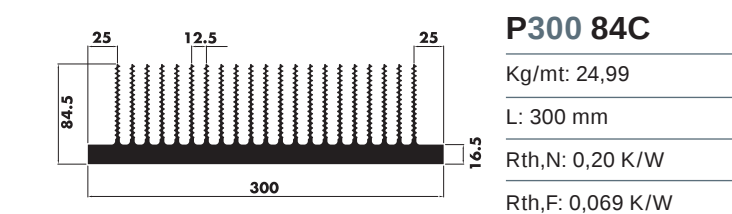
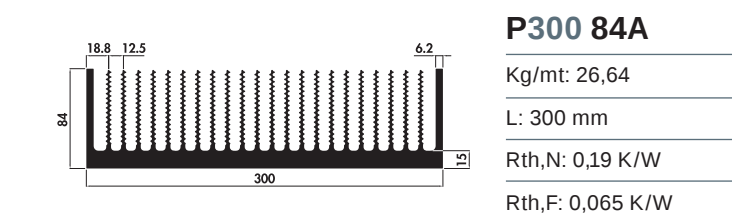
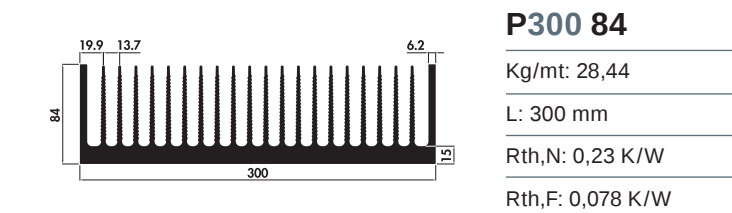
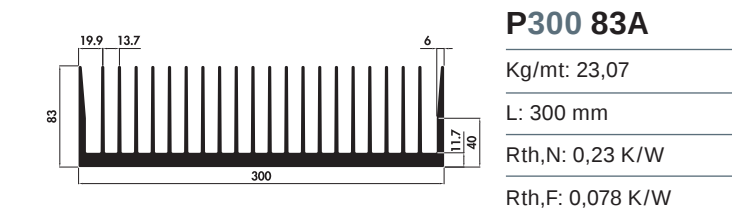
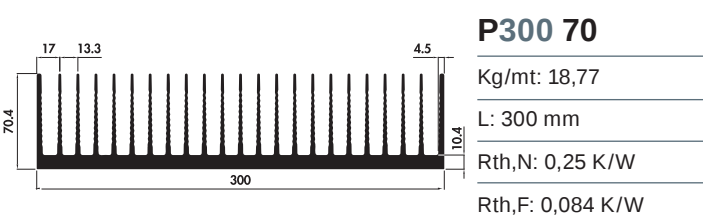
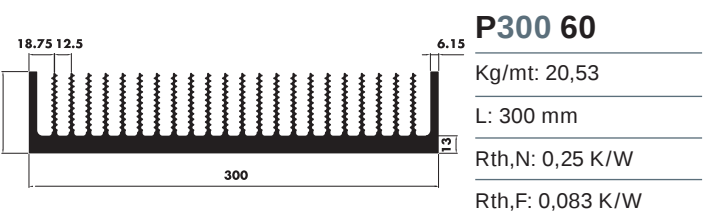
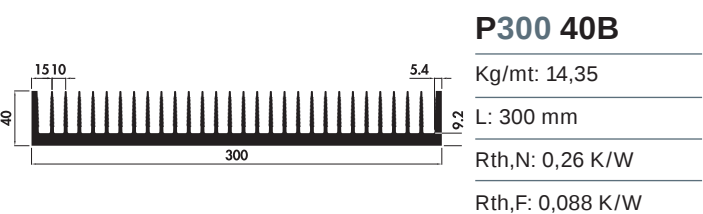
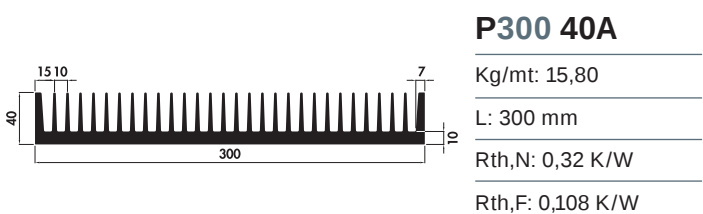
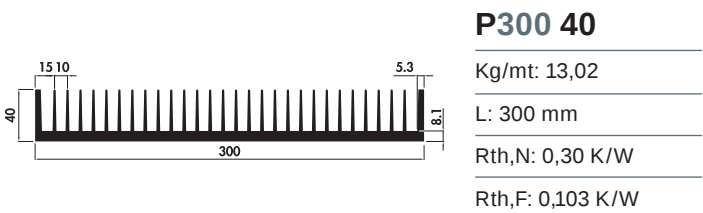
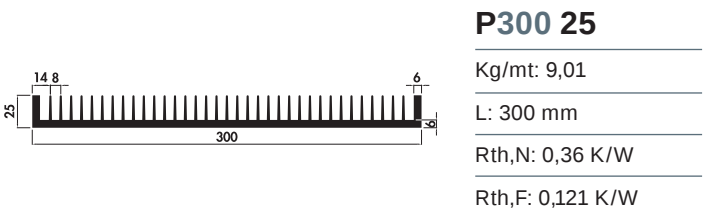
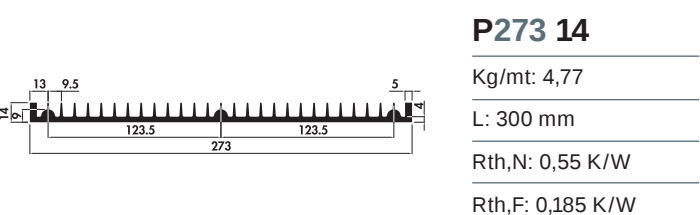
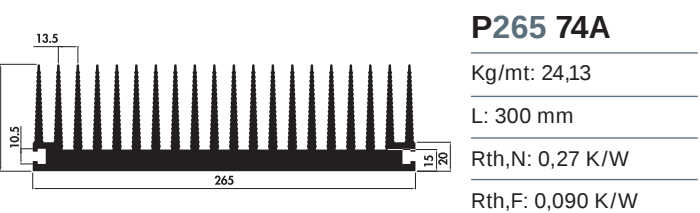
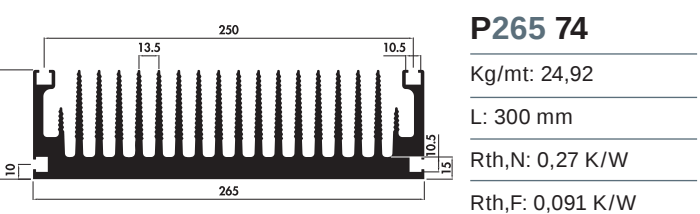
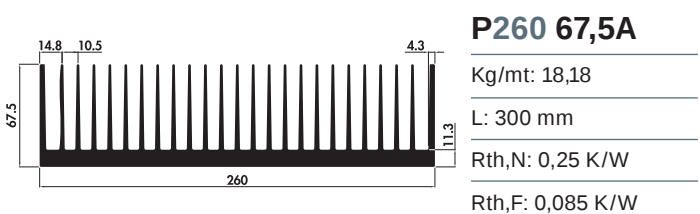
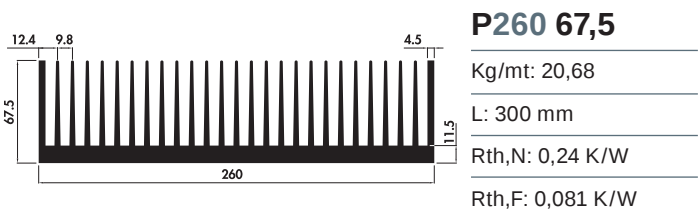
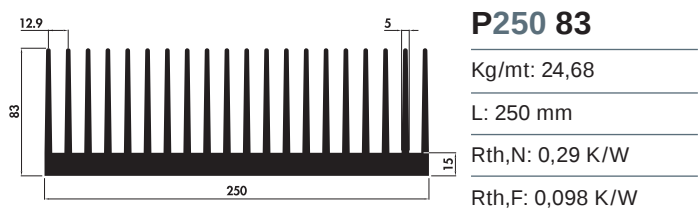
L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,38 K/W

Rth,F: 0,127 K/W

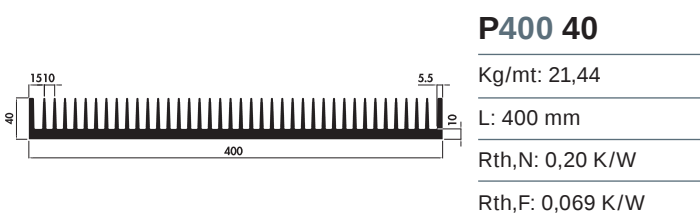
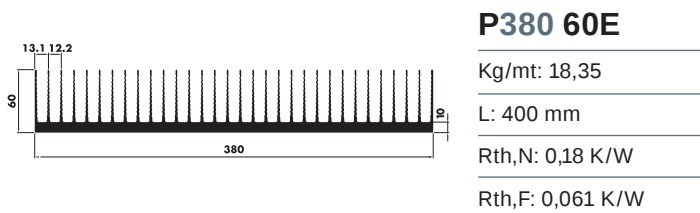
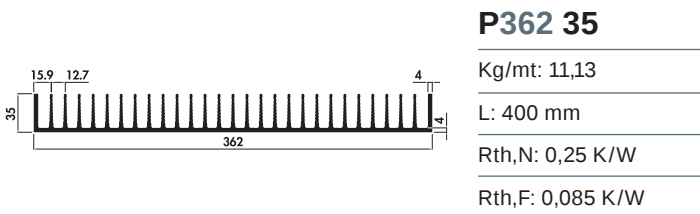
Estruso

Extruded heat sink



Estruso

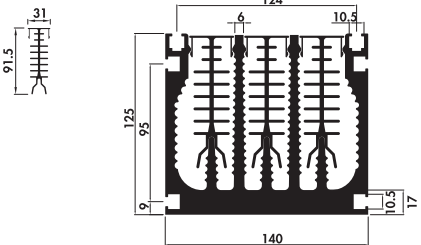
Extruded heat sink



Estruso

Extruded heat sink

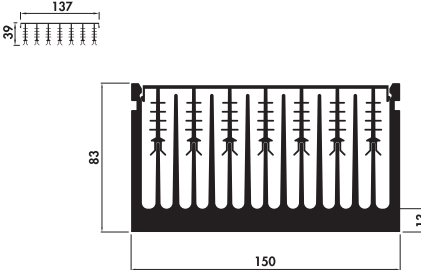
C31 91



PC140 125

Kg/mt: 22,90
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,38 K/W
Rth,F: 0,128 K/W

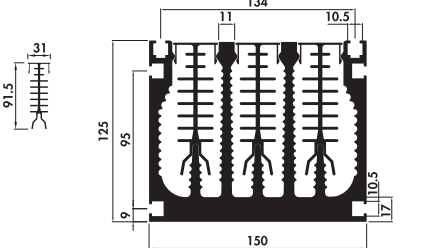
C137 39



PC150 83

Kg/mt: 15,42
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,41 K/W
Rth,F: 0,139 K/W

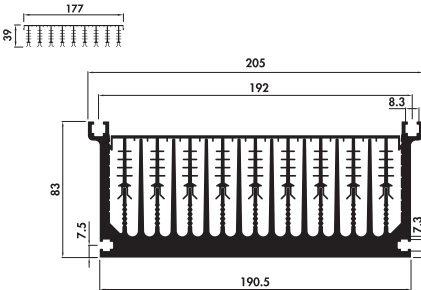
C31 91



PC150 125

Kg/mt: 23,77
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,38 K/W
Rth,F: 0,128 K/W

C178 39

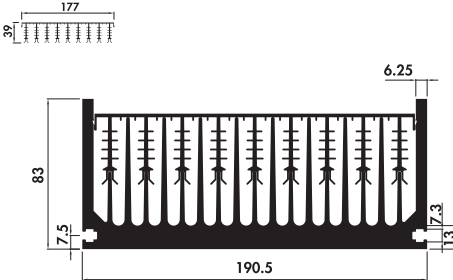


PC190 83

Kg/mt: 18,87
L: 200 mm
Rth,N: 0,29 K/W
Rth,F: 0,097 K/W



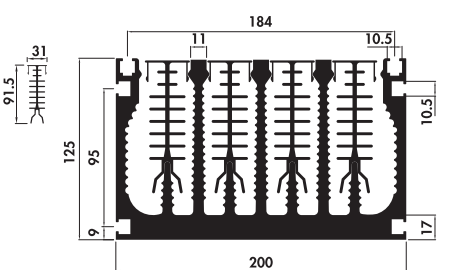
C178 39



PC190 83A

Kg/mt: 18,79
L: 200 mm
Rth,N: 0,29 K/W
Rth,F: 0,099 K/W

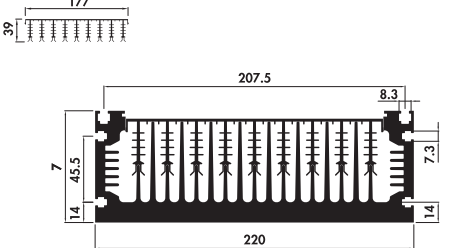
C31 91



PC200 125

Kg/mt: 30,80
L: 200 mm
Rth,N: 0,26 K/W
Rth,F: 0,088 K/W

C178 39



PC220 77

Kg/mt: 21,57
L: 250 mm
Rth,N: 0,24 K/W
Rth,F: 0,082 K/W

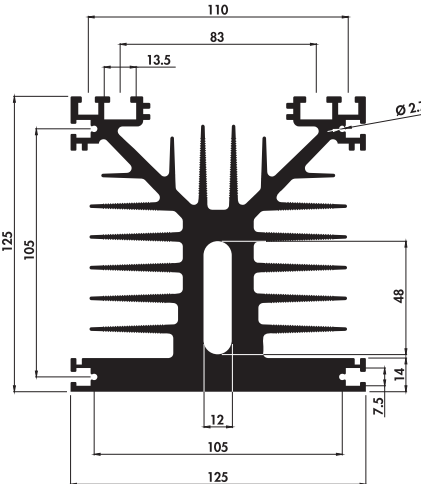


Estruso

Extruded heat sink

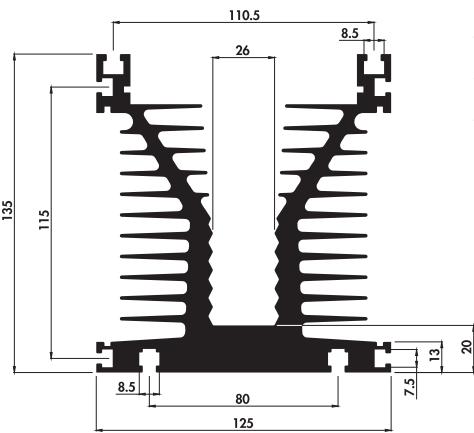
T125 125

Kg/mt: 15,53
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,51 K/W
Rth,F: 0,174 K/W



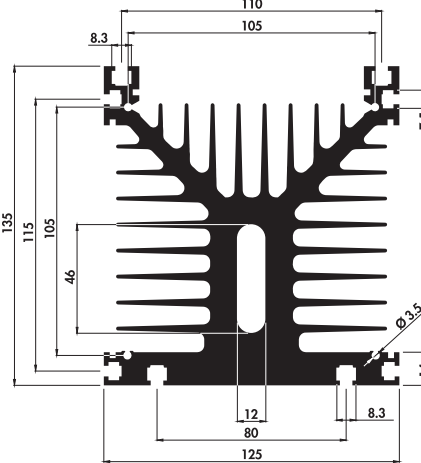
T125 135A

Kg/mt: 14,45
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,54 K/W
Rth,F: 0,183 K/W



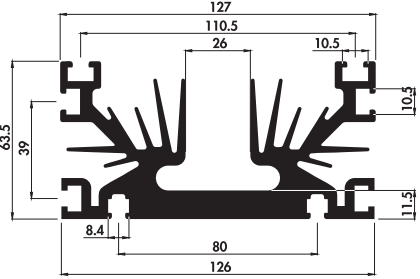
T125 135D

Kg/mt: 17,61
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,50 K/W
Rth,F: 0,168 K/W



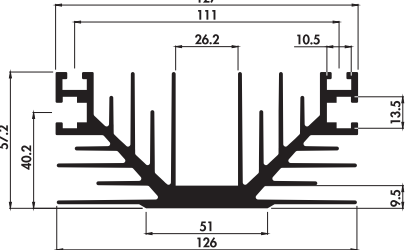
T126 63

Kg/mt: 8,21
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,79 K/W
Rth,F: 0,267 K/W



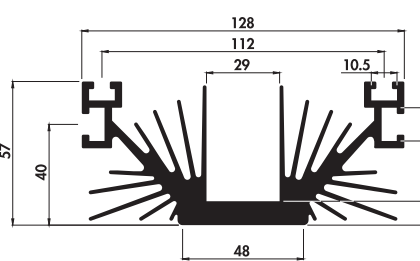
T127 57

Kg/mt: 5,62
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,73 K/W
Rth,F: 0,248 K/W



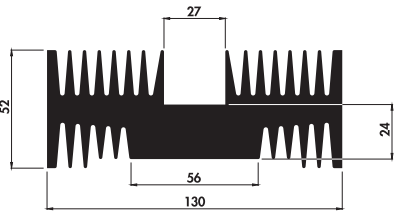
T128 57

Kg/mt: 5,95
L: 150 mm
Rth,N: 0,76 K/W
Rth,F: 0,257 K/W



Estruso

Extruded heat sink



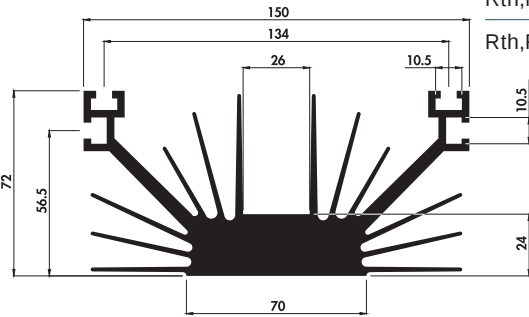
T130 52

Kg/mt: 11,18

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,81 K/W

Rth,F: 0,274 K/W



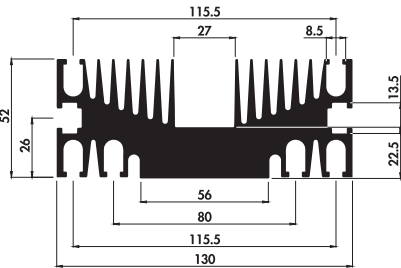
T150 72

Kg/mt: 8,93

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,69 K/W

Rth,F: 0,233 K/W



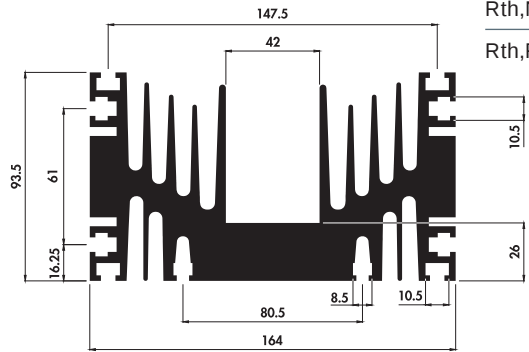
T130 52A

Kg/mt: 10,03

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,77 K/W

Rth,F: 0,261 K/W



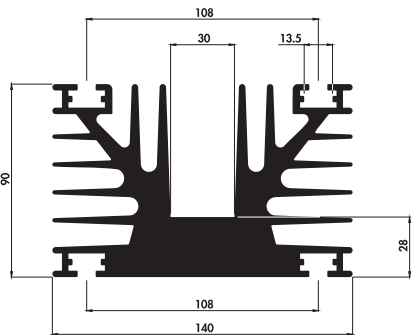
T164 93

Kg/mt: 19,00

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,47 K/W

Rth,F: 0,159 K/W



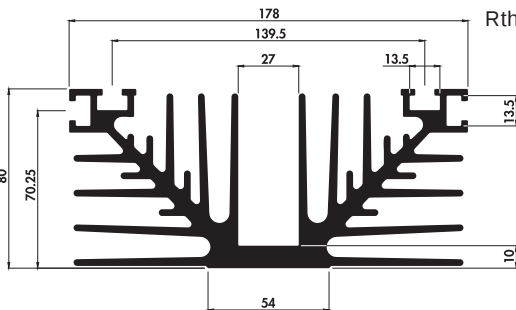
T140 90

Kg/mt: 15,23

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,66 K/W

Rth,F: 0,223 K/W



T180 80

Kg/mt: 12,78

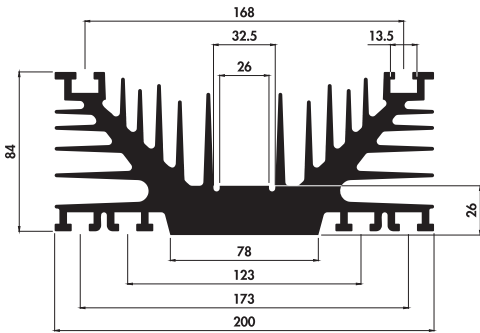
L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,45 K/W

Rth,F: 0,154 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



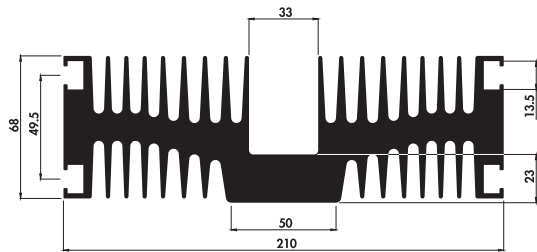
T200 86

Kg/mt: 19,17

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,45 K/W

Rth,F: 0,152 K/W



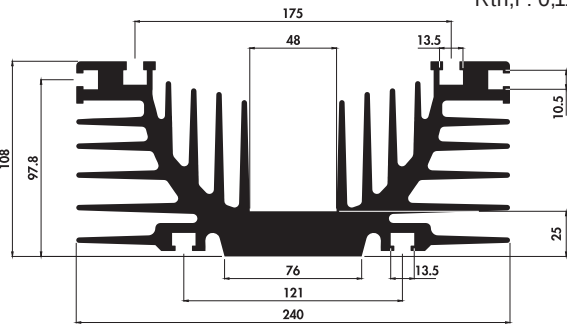
T210 70

Kg/mt: 19,99

L: 200 mm

Rth,N: 0,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,146 K/W



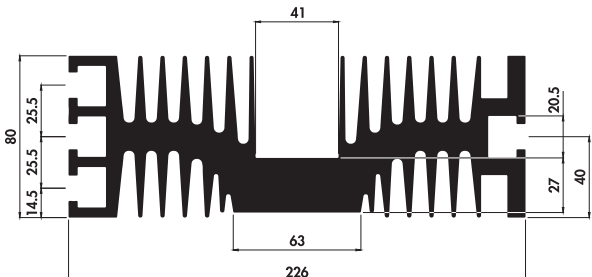
T240 108

Kg/mt: 26,10

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,33 K/W

Rth,F: 0,112 K/W



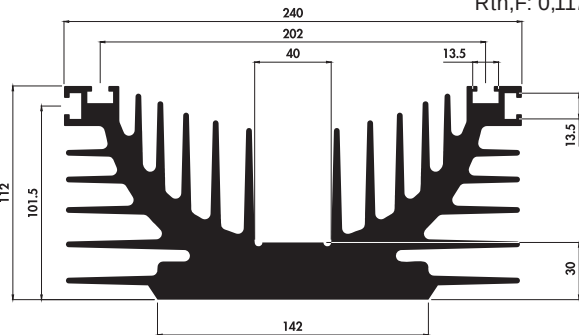
T226 80

Kg/mt: 23,74

L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,36 K/W

Rth,F: 0,122 K/W



T240 112

Kg/mt: 29,72

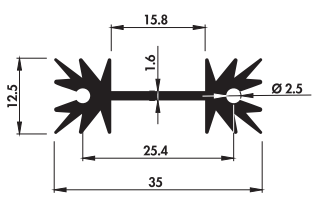
L: 250 mm

Rth,N: 0,35 K/W

Rth,F: 0,117 K/W

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



Technical drawing of the H34,5 12 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 25.4 mm, side fins of 15.8 mm, and a total width of 35 mm. The height is 12.5 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 2.5 mm. The base has a thickness of 1.6 mm.

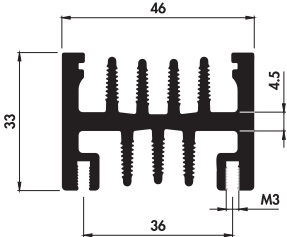
H34,5 12

Kg/mt: 0,434

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 6,20 K/W

Rth,F: 2,095 K/W



Technical drawing of the H46 33 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 36 mm, side fins of 46 mm, and a total width of 36 mm. The height is 33 mm. The base has a thickness of 4.5 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

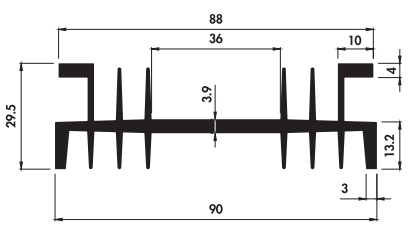
H46 33

Kg/mt: 1,94

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 3,14 K/W

Rth,F: 1,063 K/W



Technical drawing of the H90 29,5 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 90 mm, side fins of 88 mm, and a total width of 90 mm. The height is 29.5 mm. The base has a thickness of 4 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

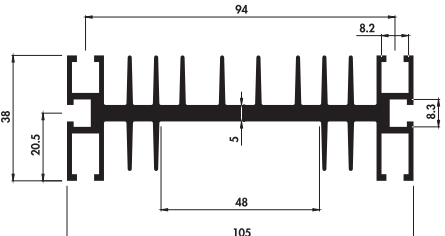
H90 29,5

Kg/mt: 1,86

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,85 K/W

Rth,F: 0,625 K/W



Technical drawing of the H105 38 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 105 mm, side fins of 94 mm, and a total width of 105 mm. The height is 38 mm. The base has a thickness of 8.2 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 5 mm.

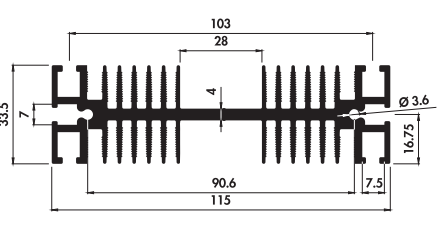
H105 38

Kg/mt: 2,83

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,35 K/W

Rth,F: 0,457 K/W



Technical drawing of the H115 33 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 115 mm, side fins of 103 mm, and a total width of 115 mm. The height is 33 mm. The base has a thickness of 7 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3.6 mm.

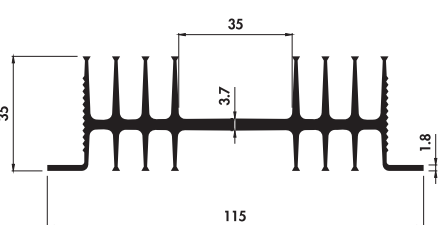
H115 33

Kg/mt: 3,83

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 0,98 K/W

Rth,F: 0,332 K/W



Technical drawing of the H115 35 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 115 mm, side fins of 35 mm, and a total width of 115 mm. The height is 35 mm. The base has a thickness of 3.7 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 1.8 mm.

H115 35

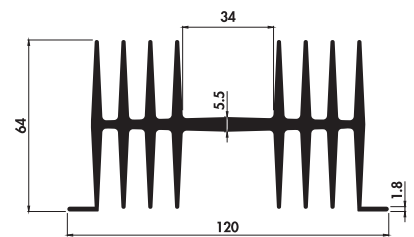
Kg/mt: 2,15

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,50 K/W

Rth,F: 0,507 K/W





Technical drawing of the H120 64 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 120 mm, side fins of 34 mm, and a total width of 120 mm. The height is 64 mm. The base has a thickness of 5.5 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 1.8 mm.

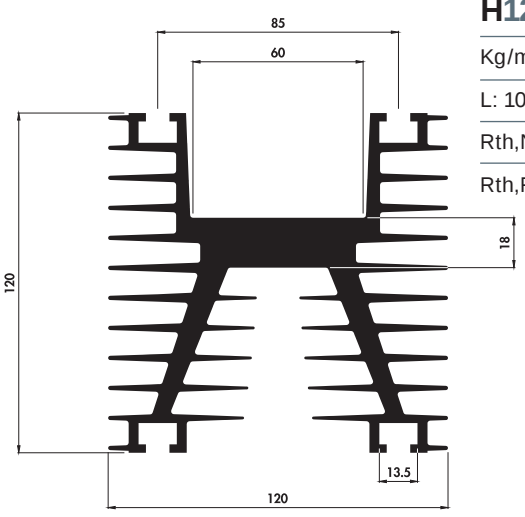
H120 64

Kg/mt: 4,97

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,12 K/W

Rth,F: 0,377 K/W



Technical drawing of the H120 120 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 120 mm, side fins of 85 mm, and a total width of 120 mm. The height is 120 mm. The base has a thickness of 18 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 13.5 mm.

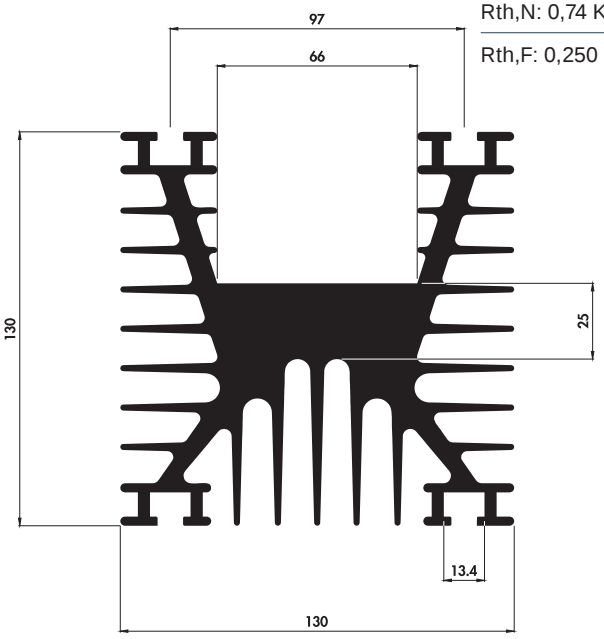
H120 120

Kg/mt: 11,19

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 0,74 K/W

Rth,F: 0,251 K/W



Technical drawing of the H130 130 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 130 mm, side fins of 97 mm, and a total width of 130 mm. The height is 130 mm. The base has a thickness of 25 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 13.4 mm.

H130 130

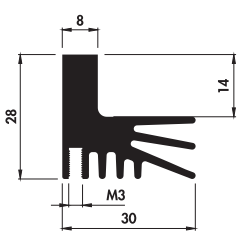
Kg/mt: 16,26

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 0,74 K/W

Rth,F: 0,250 K/W





Technical drawing of the L30 28 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 30 mm, side fins of 8 mm, and a total width of 30 mm. The height is 28 mm. The base has a thickness of 14 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

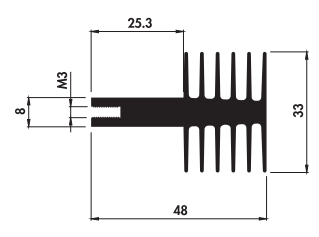
L30 28

Kg/mt: 0,983

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 5,64 K/W

Rth,F: 1,906 K/W



Technical drawing of the L48 33 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 48 mm, side fins of 25.3 mm, and a total width of 48 mm. The height is 33 mm. The base has a thickness of 8 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

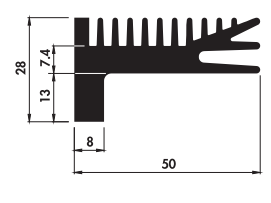
L48 33

Kg/mt: 1,45

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 3,54 K/W

Rth,F: 1,195 K/W



Technical drawing of the L50 28 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 50 mm, side fins of 28 mm, and a total width of 50 mm. The height is 28 mm. The base has a thickness of 7.4 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 8 mm.

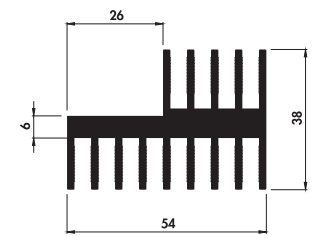
L50 28

Kg/mt: 1,65

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 4,33 K/W

Rth,F: 1,464 K/W



Technical drawing of the L54 38 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 54 mm, side fins of 26 mm, and a total width of 54 mm. The height is 38 mm. The base has a thickness of 6 mm.

L54 38

Kg/mt: 2,20

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 2,70 K/W

Rth,F: 0,911 K/W

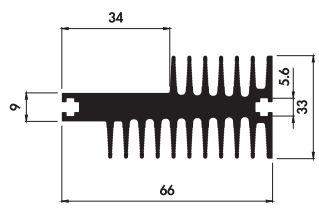


Estruso

Extruded heat sink

Estruso

Extruded heat sink



Technical drawing of the L66 33 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 66 mm, side fins of 34 mm, and a total width of 66 mm. The height is 33 mm. The base has a thickness of 5.6 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

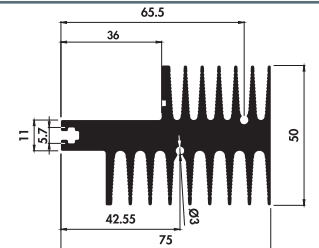
L66 33

Kg/mt: 2,43

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,63 K/W

Rth,F: 0,551 K/W



Technical drawing of the L75 50 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 75 mm, side fins of 65.5 mm, and a total width of 75 mm. The height is 50 mm. The base has a thickness of 11 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 3 mm.

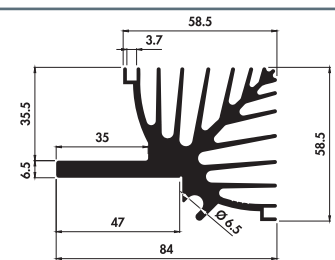
L75 50

Kg/mt: 4,05

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,482 K/W



Technical drawing of the L84 58 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 84 mm, side fins of 58.5 mm, and a total width of 84 mm. The height is 58.5 mm. The base has a thickness of 4.5 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 6.5 mm.

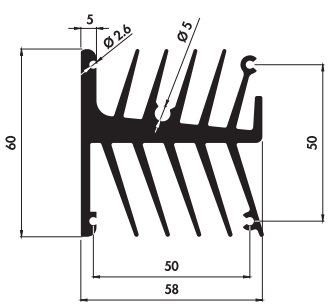
L84 58

Kg/mt: 3,80

L: 100 mm

Rth,N: 1,42 K/W

Rth,F: 0,480 K/W



Technical drawing of the K60 58 heat sink. It shows a cross-section with a central base of 58 mm, side fins of 60 mm, and a total width of 58 mm. The height is 50 mm. The base has a thickness of 5 mm. A central hole has a diameter of 2.6 mm.

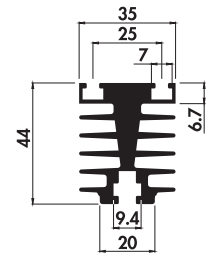
K60 58

Kg/mt: 3,35

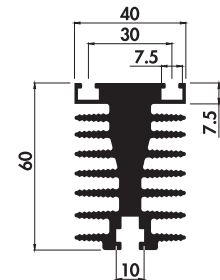
L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 2,29 K/W

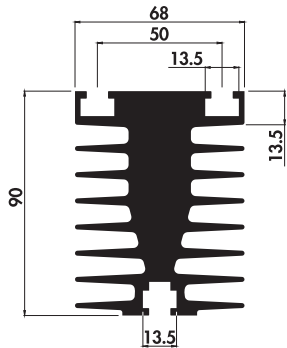
Rth,F: 0,773 K/W



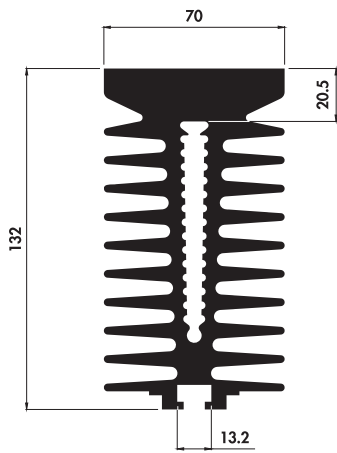
E35 44
Kg/mt: 2,00
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,38 K/W
Rth,F: 1,143 K/W



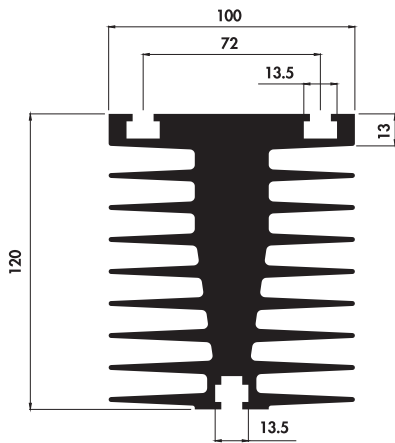
E40 60
Kg/mt: 3,41
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 2,59 K/W
Rth,F: 0,874 K/W



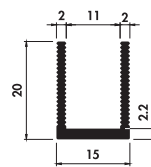
E68 90
Kg/mt: 8,66
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,22 K/W
Rth,F: 0,411 K/W



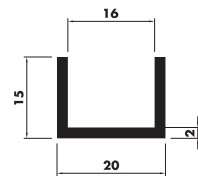
E70 132
Kg/mt: 13,32
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 0,90 K/W
Rth,F: 0,305 K/W



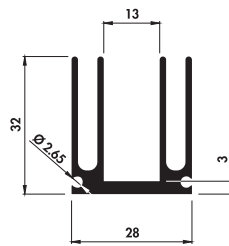
E100 120
Kg/mt: 15,64
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 0,86 K/W
Rth,F: 0,291 K/W



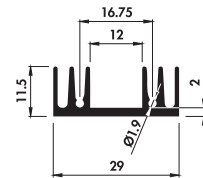
U15 20
Kg/mt: 0,256
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 8,37 K/W
Rth,F: 2,828 K/W



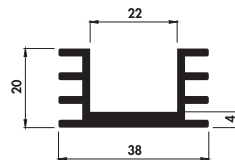
U20 15
Kg/mt: 0,249
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 9,90 K/W
Rth,F: 3,347 K/W



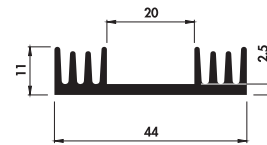
U28 32
Kg/mt: 0,734
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 4,63 K/W
Rth,F: 1,564 K/W



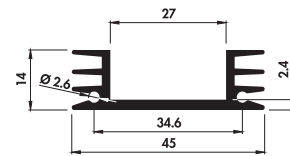
U29 12
Kg/mt: 0,354
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 6,73 K/W
Rth,F: 2,273 K/W



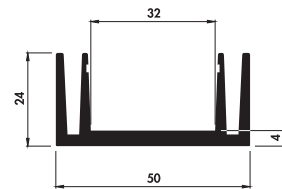
U38 20
Kg/mt: 0,710
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 5,65 K/W
Rth,F: 1,909 K/W



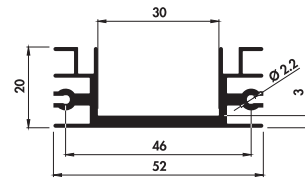
U44 11
Kg/mt: 0,563
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 5,79 K/W
Rth,F: 1,956 K/W



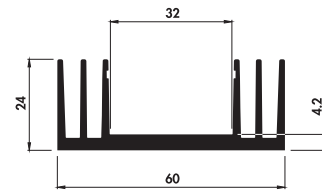
U45 14
Kg/mt: 0,550
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 5,69 K/W
Rth,F: 1,921 K/W



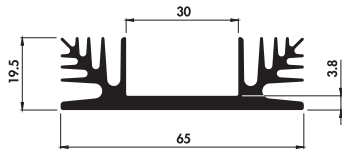
U50 24
Kg/mt: 1,03
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 4,88 K/W
Rth,F: 1,650 K/W



U52 20
Kg/mt: 0,733
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 4,40 K/W
Rth,F: 1,485 K/W

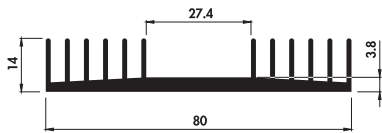


U60 24
Kg/mt: 1,22
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,92 K/W
Rth,F: 1,324 K/W



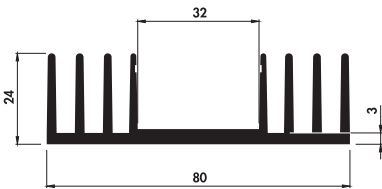
U65 20

Kg/mt: 1,25
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,82 K/W
Rth,F: 1,291 K/W



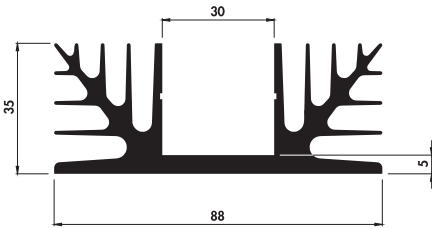
U80 14

Kg/mt: 1,18
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,58 K/W
Rth,F: 1,210 K/W



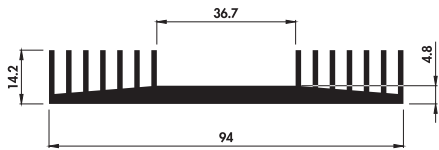
U80 24

Kg/mt: 1,72
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 3,22 K/W
Rth,F: 1,086 K/W



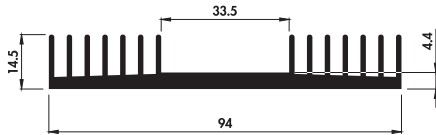
U88 35

Kg/mt: 2,80
L: 50 mm
Rth,N: 2,65 K/W
Rth,F: 0,894 K/W



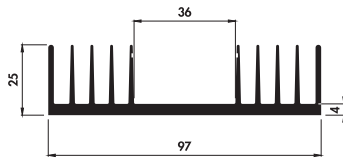
U94 14

Kg/mt: 1,62
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 2,00 K/W
Rth,F: 0,675 K/W



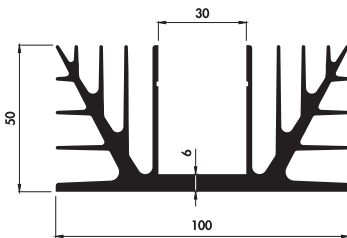
U94 14A

Kg/mt: 1,64
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,97 K/W
Rth,F: 0,664 K/W



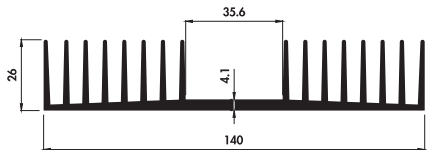
U97 25

Kg/mt: 1,95
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,72 K/W
Rth,F: 0,580 K/W



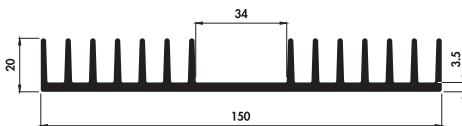
U100 50

Kg/mt: 4,90
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,30 K/W
Rth,F: 0,440 K/W



U140 26

Kg/mt: 3,26
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,23 K/W
Rth,F: 0,414 K/W



U150 20

Kg/mt: 2,93
L: 100 mm
Rth,N: 1,50 K/W
Rth,F: 0,507 K/W

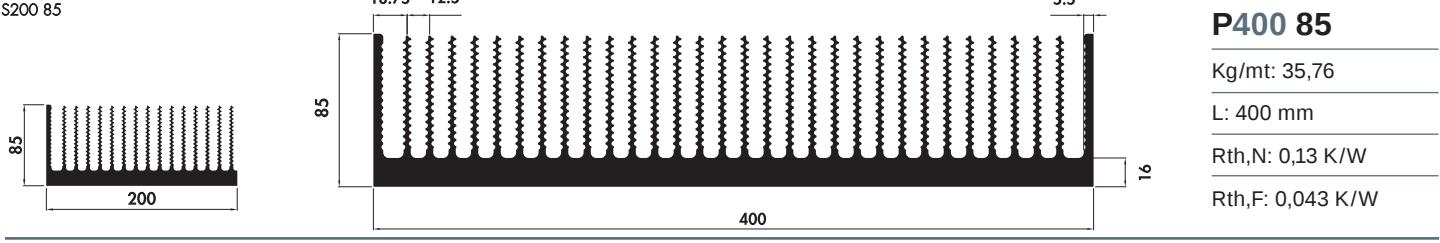
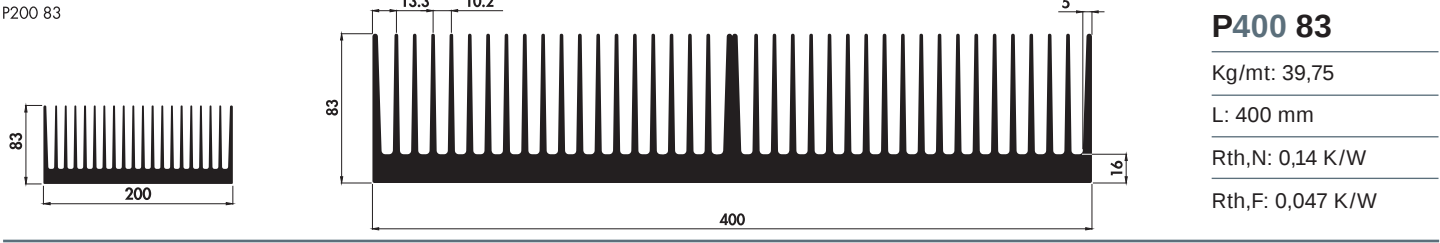
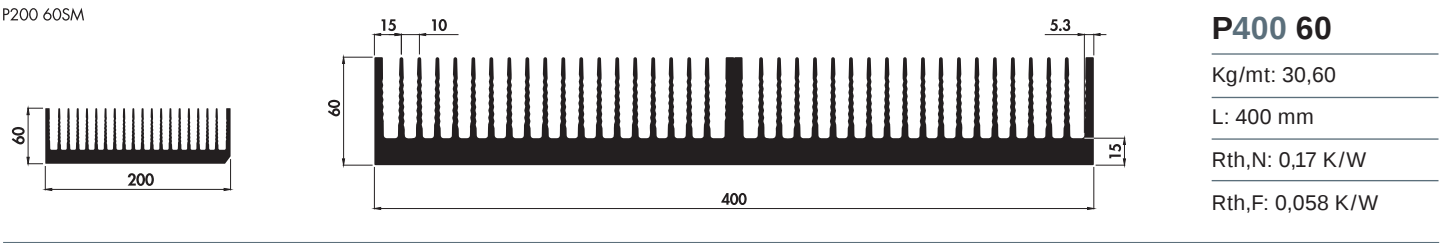
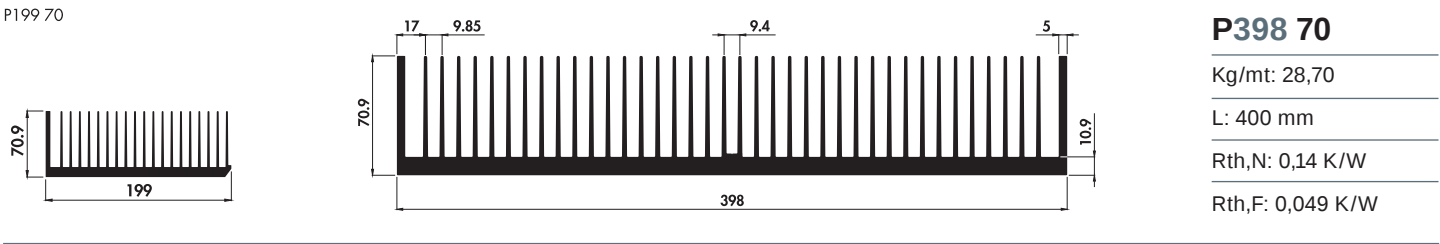
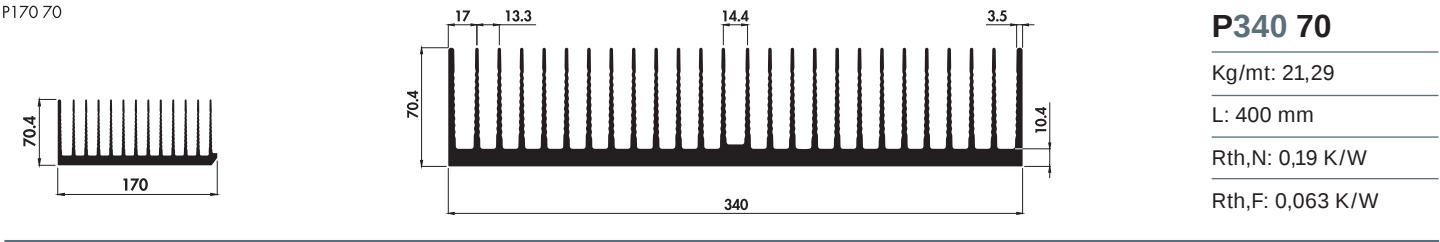




Saldato
Welded heat sink

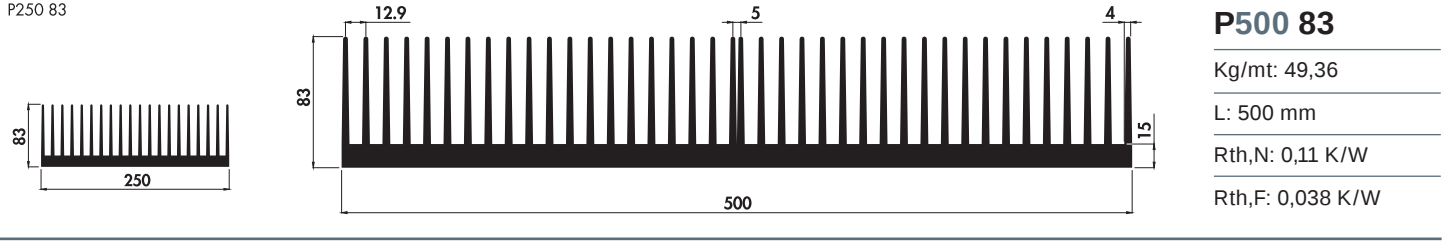
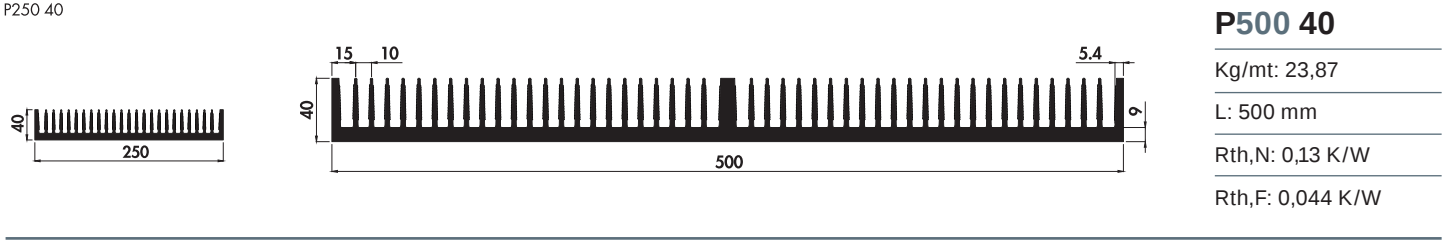
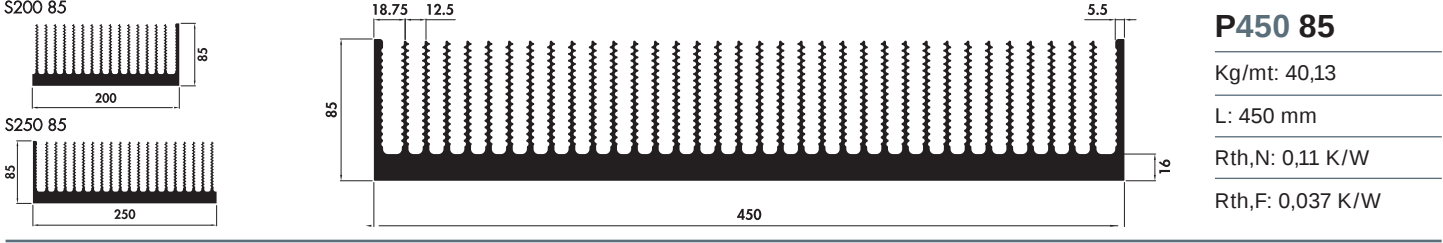
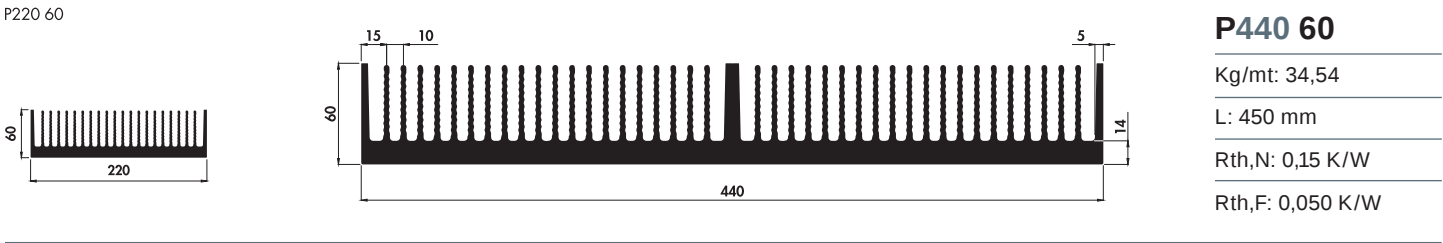
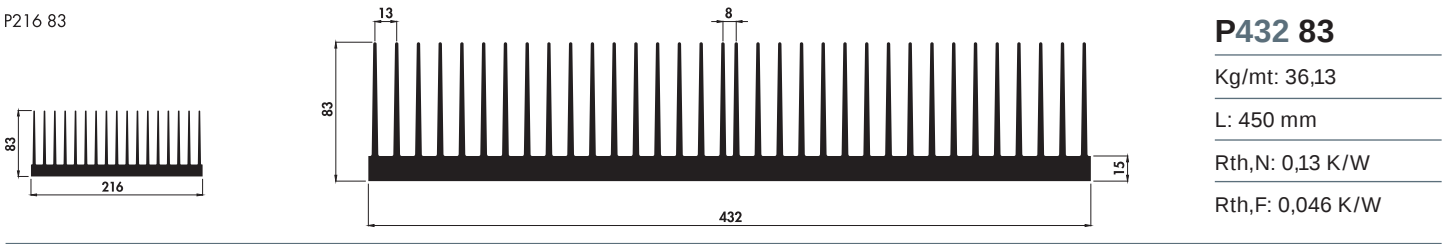
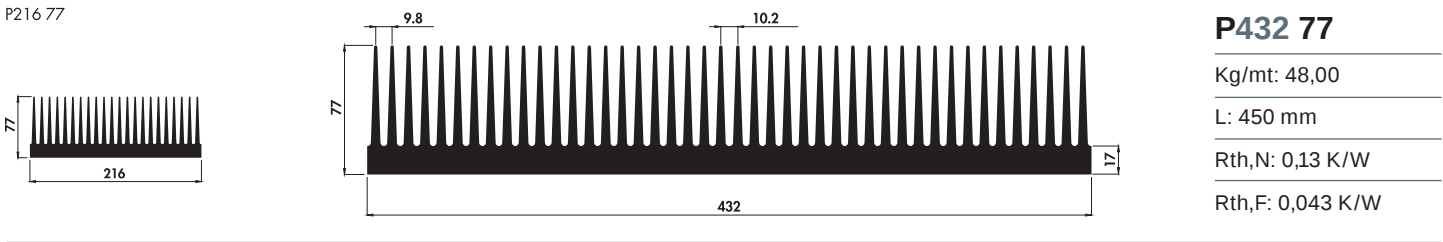
Saldato

Welded heat sink



Saldato

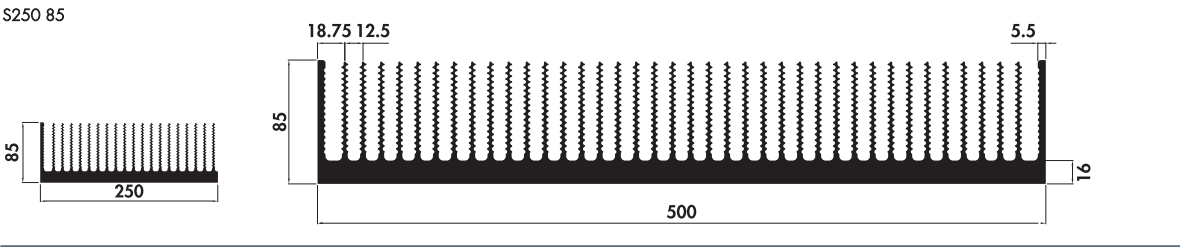
Welded heat sink



Saldato

Welded heat sink

S250 85



P500 85

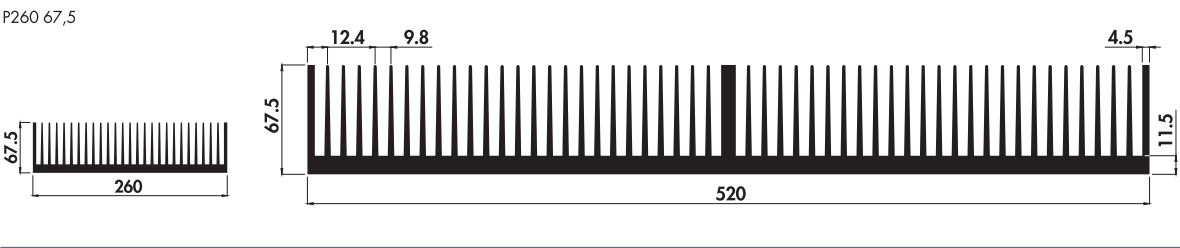
Kg/mt: 44,51

L: 500 mm

Rth,N: 0,09 K/W

Rth,F: 0,032 K/W

P260 67,5



P520 67,5

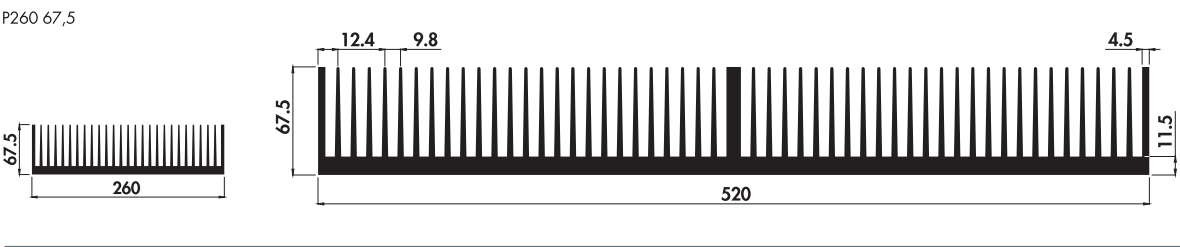
Kg/mt: 41,36

L: 500 mm

Rth,N: 0,11 K/W

Rth,F: 0,036 K/W

P260 67,5



P520 67,5A

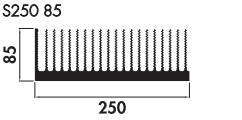
Kg/mt: 36,37

L: 500 mm

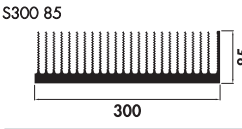
Rth,N: 0,11 K/W

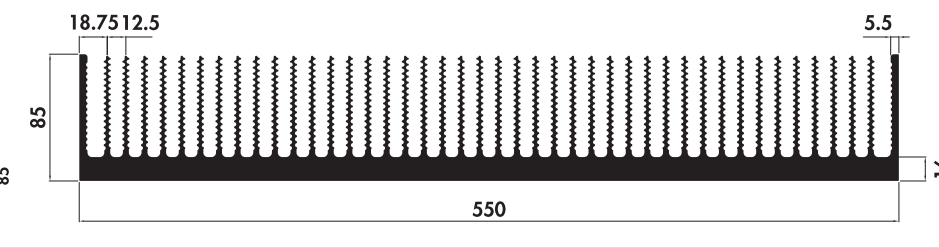
Rth,F: 0,038 K/W

S250 85



S300 85





P550 85

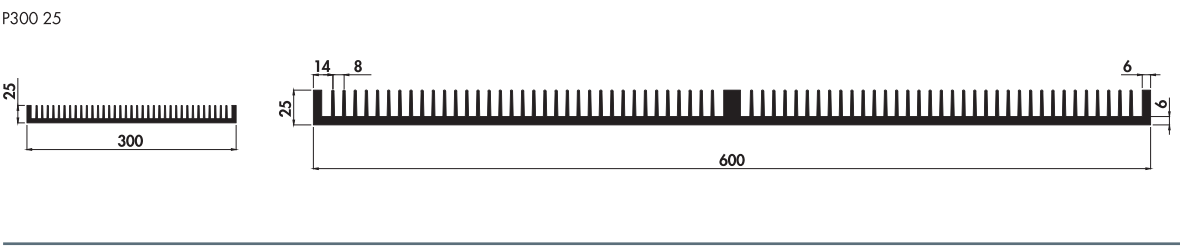
Kg/mt: 48,88

L: 550 mm

Rth,N: 0,08 K/W

Rth,F: 0,028 K/W

P300 25



P600 25

Kg/mt: 18,02

L: 600 mm

Rth,N: 0,14 K/W

Rth,F: 0,047 K/W

P300 40A



P600 40A

Kg/mt: 31,60

L: 600 mm

Rth,N: 0,12 K/W

Rth,F: 0,042 K/W

45

serie P


h e a t s i n k s

Saldato

Welded heat sink

P300 70



P600 70

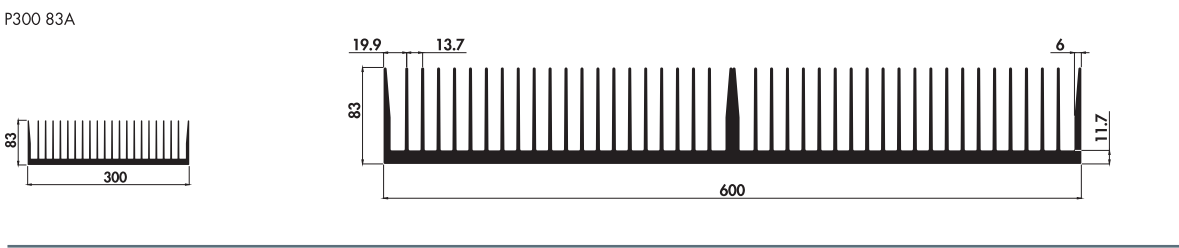
Kg/mt: 37,53

L: 600 mm

Rth,N: 0,10 K/W

Rth,F: 0,033 K/W

P300 83A



P600 83A

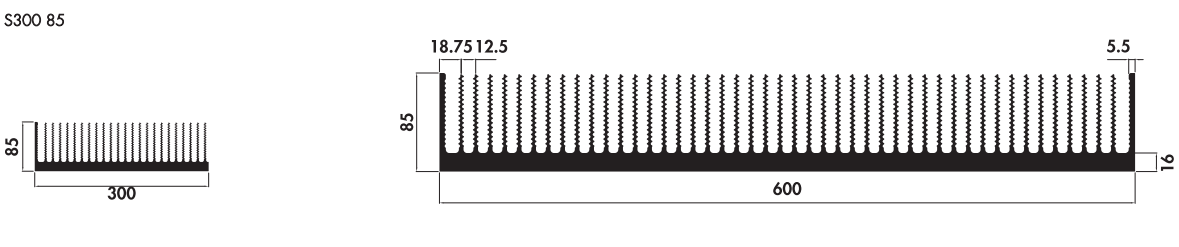
Kg/mt: 46,15

L: 600 mm

Rth,N: 0,09 K/W

Rth,F: 0,031 K/W

S300 85



P600 85

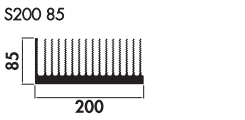
Kg/mt: 53,25

L: 600 mm

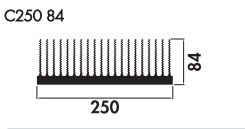
Rth,N: 0,07 K/W

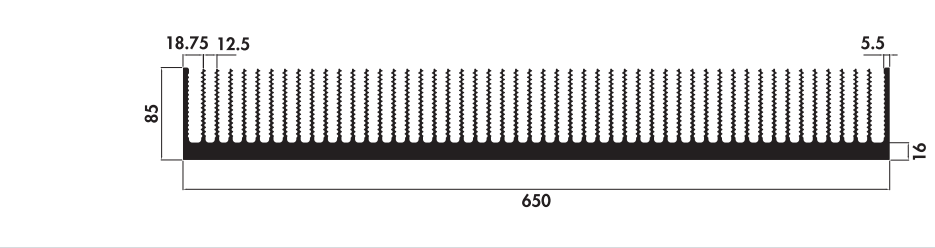
Rth,F: 0,025 K/W

S200 85



C250 84





P650 85

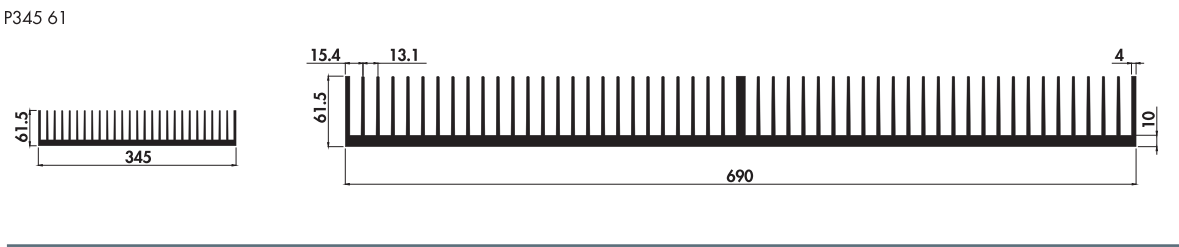
Kg/mt: 57,63

L: 650 mm

Rth,N: 0,07 K/W

Rth,F: 0,022 K/W

P345 61



P690 61

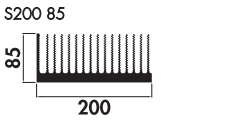
Kg/mt: 40,15

L: 700 mm

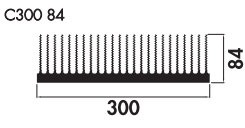
Rth,N: 0,08 K/W

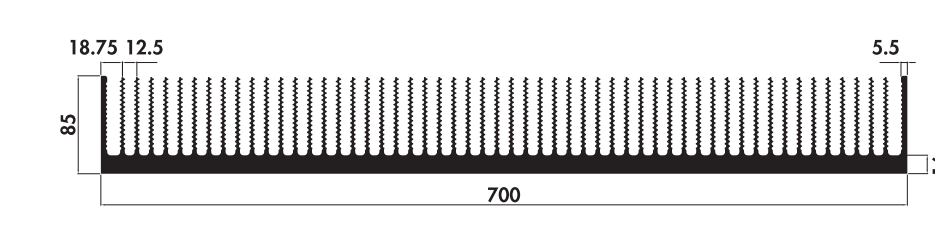
Rth,F: 0,029 K/W

S200 85



C300 84





P700 85

Kg/mt: 62,00

L: 700 mm

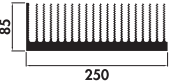
Rth,N: 0,06 K/W

Rth,F: 0,020 K/W

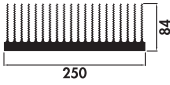
Saldato

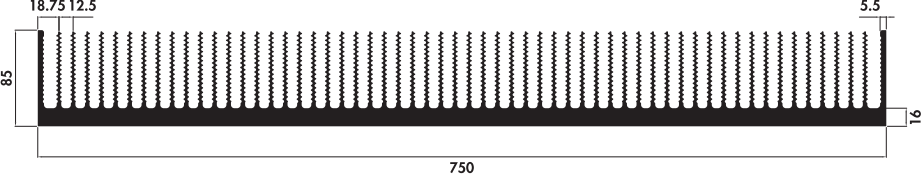
Welded heat sink

S250 85



C250 84





P750 85

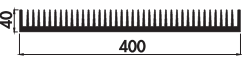
Kg/mt: 66,37

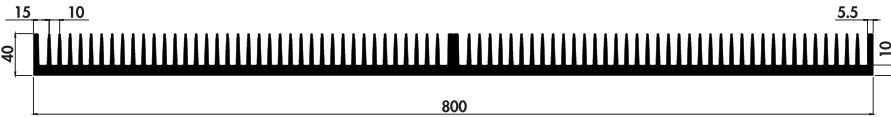
L: 750 mm

Rth,N: 0,05 K/W

Rth,F: 0,018 K/W

P400 40





P800 40

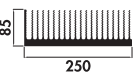
Kg/mt: 42,87

L: 800 mm

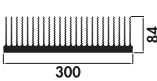
Rth,N: 0,08 K/W

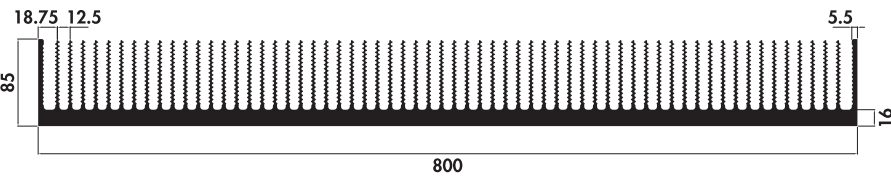
Rth,F: 0,027 K/W

S250 85



C300 84





P800 85

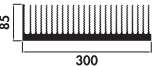
Kg/mt: 70,75

L: 800 mm

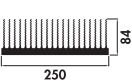
Rth,N: 0,05 K/W

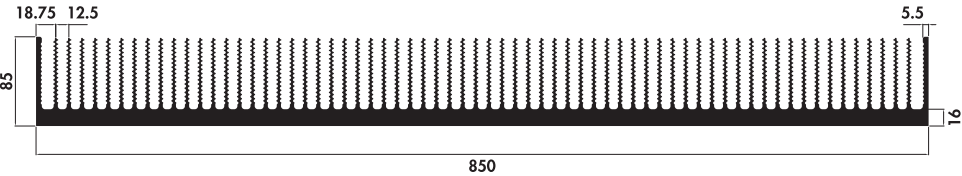
Rth,F: 0,017 K/W

S300 85



C250 84





P850 85

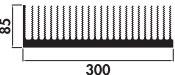
Kg/mt: 75,12

L:850 mm

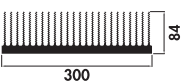
Rth,N: 0,05 K/W

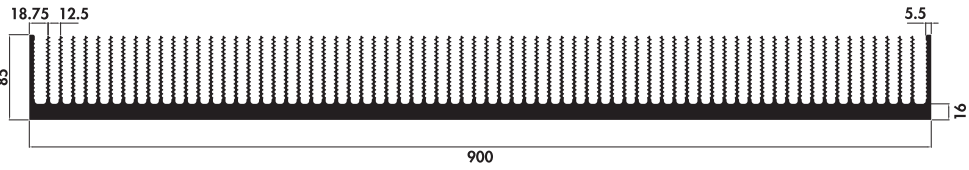
Rth,F: 0,015 K/W

S300 85



C300 84





P900 85

Kg/mt: 79,49

L: 900 mm

Rth,N: 0,04 K/W

Rth,F: 0,014 K/W





Sistema a molla
Clip system

Sistema a molla

Clip system



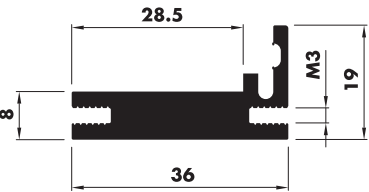
L36 19

Kg/mt: 0,76

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 7,24 K/W

Rth,F: 2,448 K/W



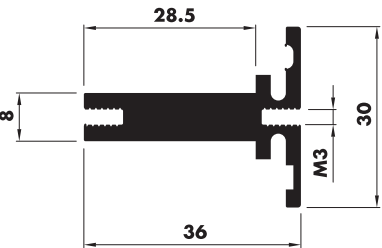
L36 30

Kg/mt: 0,84

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 6,34 K/W

Rth,F: 2,144 K/W



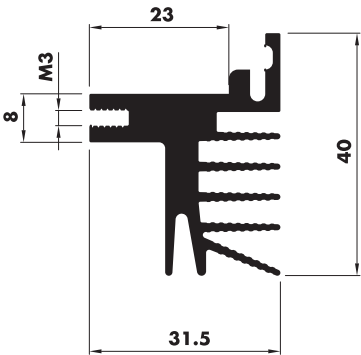
L40 31

Kg/mt: 1,06

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 4,31 K/W

Rth,F: 1,455 K/W



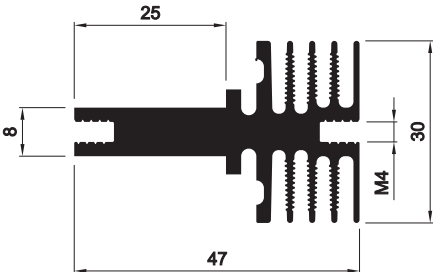
L47 30

Kg/mt: 1,31

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 3,53 K/W

Rth,F: 1,193 K/W



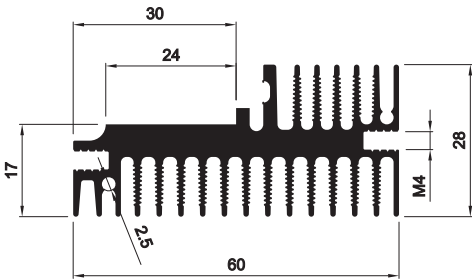
L60 28

Kg/mt: 1,72

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 2,34 K/W

Rth,F: 0,790 K/W



Sistema a molla

Clip system

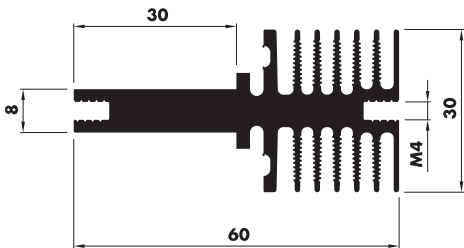
L60 30

Kg/mt: 1,71

L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 2,86 K/W

Rth,F: 0,966 K/W



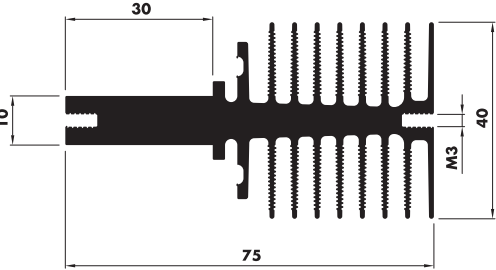
L75 40

Kg/mt: 2,61

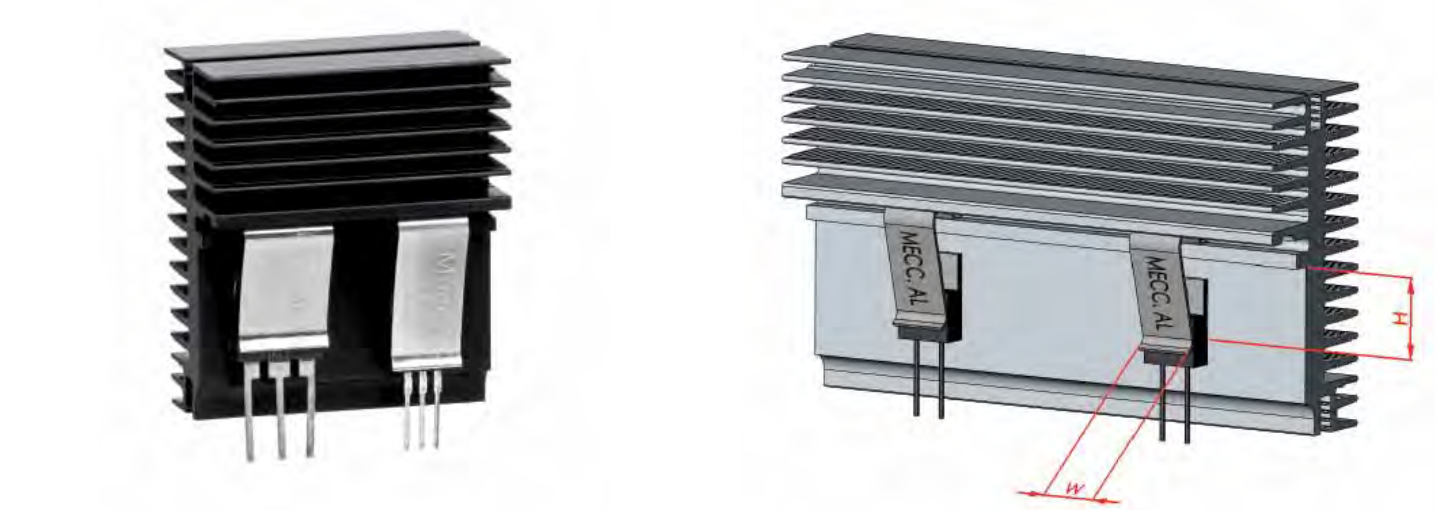
L: 50 mm

Rth,N: 1,99 K/W

Rth,F: 0,673 K/W



Clip Part Number	H	W	Force	Package	Surface Treatment
M1	13,5 mm	10 mm	20 N	TO220	Zinc/Nikel
M2	13,5 mm	13 mm	60 N	TO220	Zinc/Nikel
M3	13,5 mm	15 mm	45 N	TO218 TO220 TO247	Zinc/Nikel
M4	13,5 mm	20 mm	40 N	TO247	Zinc/Nikel
M10	17,5 mm	12 mm	40 N	TO220	Zinc/Nikel
M12	17,5 mm	6 mm	20 N	TO92	Zinc/Nikel





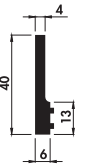
Alta efficienza
High performance
heat sink

Alta efficienza

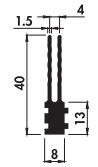
High performance heat sink



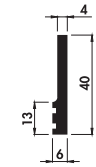
M6 40
Kg/mt: 0.515

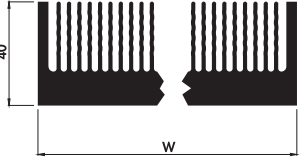


A8 40
Kg/mt: 0.507



F6 40
Kg/mt: 0.479





PA8 40

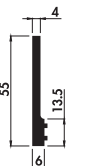
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

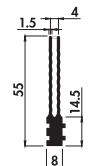
Rth,N: 0,61 K/W

Rth,F: 0,205 K/W

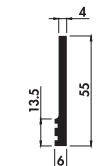
M6 55
Kg/mt: 0.704



A8 55
Kg/mt: 0.650



F6 55
Kg/mt: 0.643





PA8 55

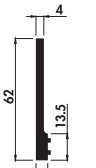
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

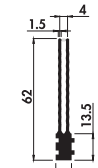
Rth,N: 0,48 K/W

Rth,F: 0,163 K/W

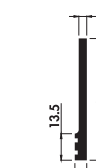
M6 62
Kg/mt: 0.773



A8 62
Kg/mt: 0.692



F6 62
Kg/mt: 0.713





PA8 62

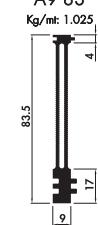
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,146 K/W

A9 83
Kg/mt: 1.025





PA9 83

W: 99 mm

L: 150 mm

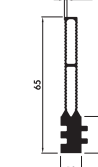
Rth,N: 0,42 K/W

Rth,F: 0,143 K/W

M15 65
Kg/mt: 1.077

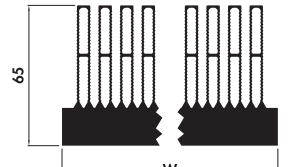


A10 65
Kg/mt: 1.250



F15 65
Kg/mt: 1.006





PA10 65

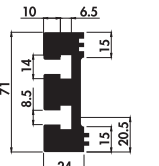
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

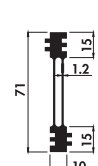
Rth,N: 0,48 K/W

Rth,F: 0,162 K/W

MF24 71
Kg/mt: 3.44



I10 71
Kg/mt: 1.09





PA10 71

W: 108 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,53 K/W

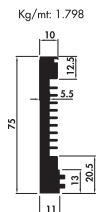
Rth,F: 0,180 K/W

Alta efficienza

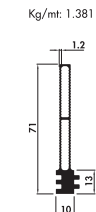
High performance heat sink



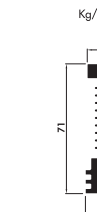
M11 75
Kg/mt: 1.798



A10 71
Kg/mt: 1.381

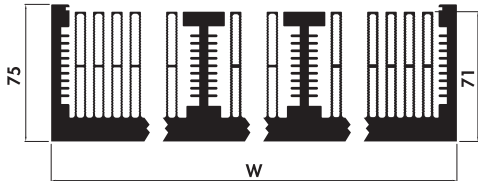


M25 71
Kg/mt: 2.666



F11 75
Kg/mt: 1.715





PA10 75

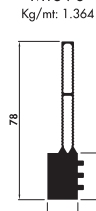
W: 102 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,41 K/W

Rth,F: 0,137 K/W

M15 78
Kg/mt: 1.364



A10 78
Kg/mt: 0.991



F15 78
Kg/mt: 1.240





PA10 78

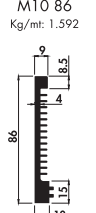
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

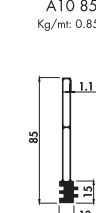
Rth,N: 0,43 K/W

Rth,F: 0,145 K/W

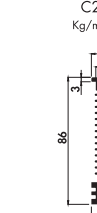
M10 86
Kg/mt: 1.592



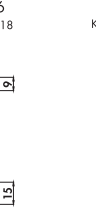
A10 85
Kg/mt: 0.856

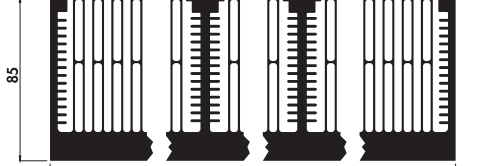


C20 86
Kg/mt: 2.618



F10 86
Kg/mt: 1.508





PA10 85

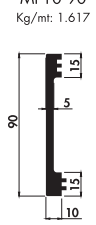
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,37 K/W

Rth,F: 0,125 K/W

MF10 90
Kg/mt: 1.617



I10 90
Kg/mt: 1.204





PA10 90

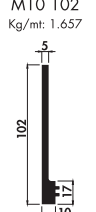
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,40 K/W

Rth,F: 0,137 K/W

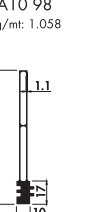
M10 102
Kg/mt: 1.657

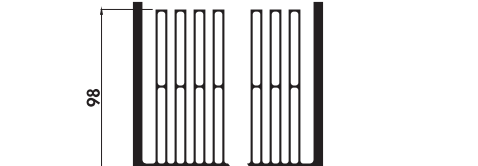


A10 98
Kg/mt: 1.058



F10 102
Kg/mt: 1.551





PA10 98

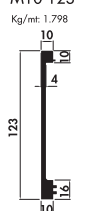
W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,37 K/W

Rth,F: 0,124 K/W

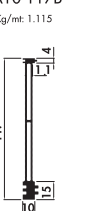
M10 123
Kg/mt: 1.798

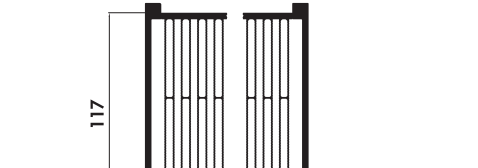


A10 117B
Kg/mt: 1.115



F10 123
Kg/mt: 1.671





PA10 117

W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,32 K/W

Rth,F: 0,107 K/W



Alta efficienza

High performance heat sink

M10 123B
Kg/mt: 1.798

A10 122
Kg/mt: 1.145

F10 123B
Kg/mt: 1.671

PA10 122

W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,31 K/W

Rth,F: 0,104 K/W

A10 132
Kg/mt: 1.434

PA10 132

W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,28 K/W

Rth,F: 0,095 K/W

M16 125B
Kg/mt: 2.656

M16 125
Kg/mt: 2.330

I12 125
Kg/mt: 1.220

F18 125
Kg/mt: 2.282

F18 125B
Kg/mt: 2.633

PA12 125

W: 106 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,32 K/W

Rth,F: 0,109 K/W

MF10 127
Kg/mt: 2.113

I12 127
Kg/mt: 1.784

PA12 127

W: 104 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,33 K/W

Rth,F: 0,112 K/W

MF15 118
Kg/mt: 2.25

I15 118
Kg/mt: 2.55

PA15 118

W: 105 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,39 K/W

Rth,F: 0,131 K/W

A50 62
Kg/mt: 3.7

A100 62
Kg/mt: 7.41

PA50 62 & PA100 62

W: 100 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,62 K/W

Rth,F: 0,209 K/W



Alta efficienza

High performance heat sink

A95 70
Kg/mt: 6,63

PA95 70

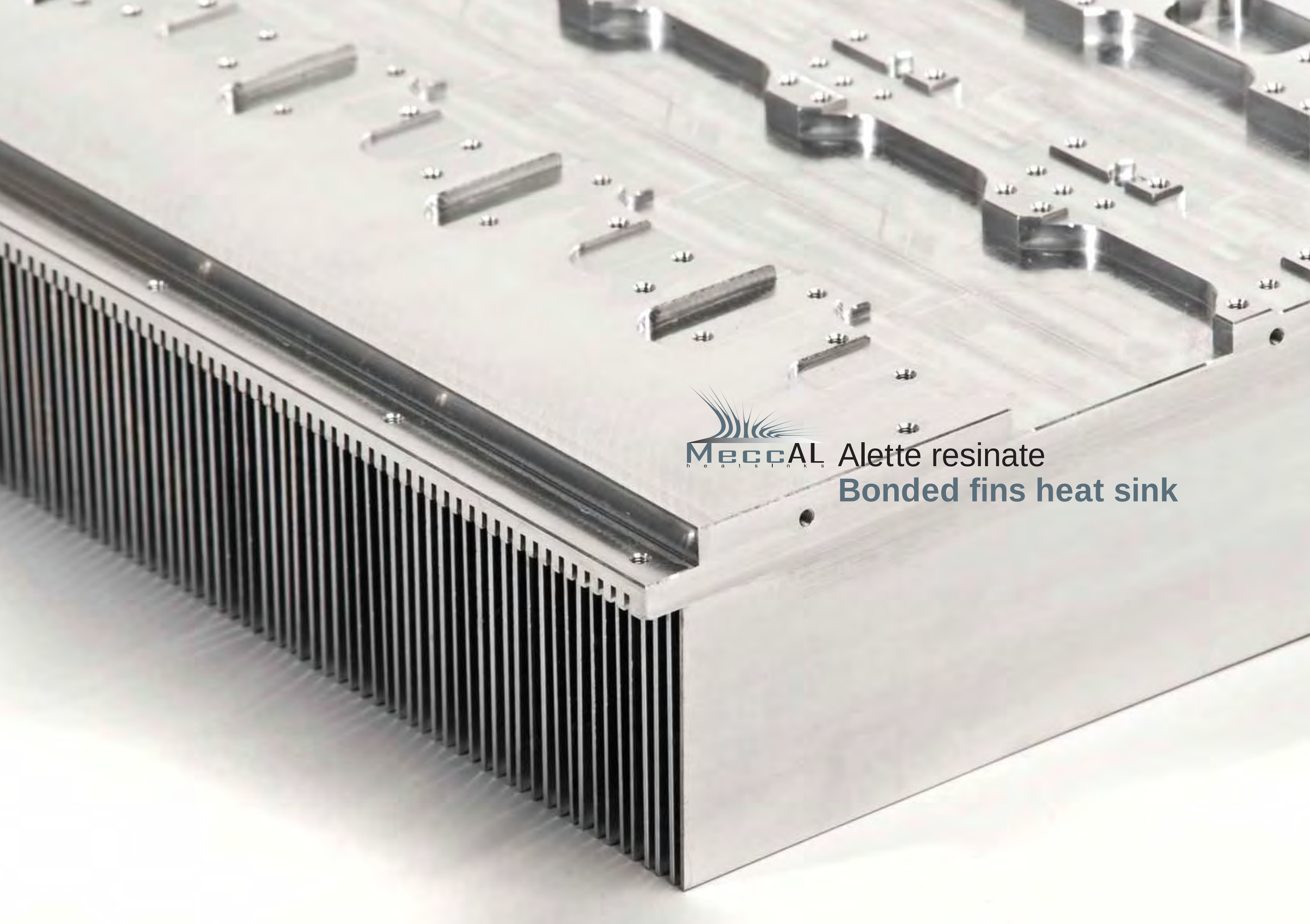
W: 95 mm

L: 150 mm

Rth,N: 0,64 K/W

Rth,F: 0,215 K/W



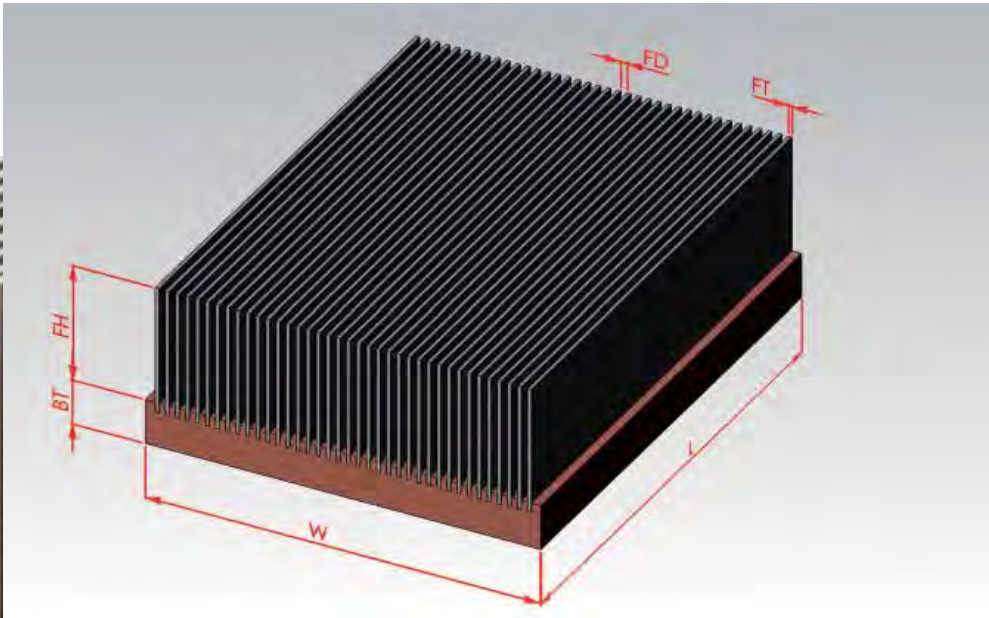


Alette resinate
Bonded fins heat sink

Alette resinate

Bonded fins heat sink

Heat sink Width (W)	<= 500 mm (Single piece, without welding)
Heat sink Lenght (L)	<= 700 mm
Base Thickness (BT)	>= 8 mm
Fins Height (FH)	<= 150 mm
Fins Thickness (FT)	<= 3 mm
Fins Distance (FD)	>= 3 mm
Material Base-Fin	Aluminium-Aluminium Copper-Aluminium Copper-Copper



serie PR



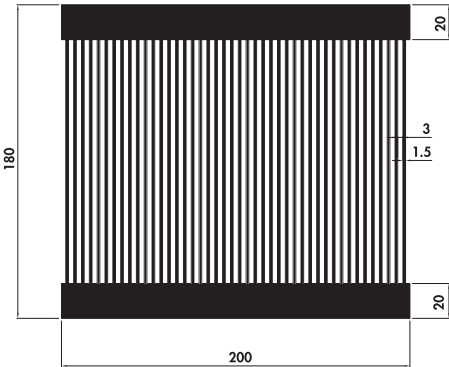
I seguenti prodotti sono solo a scopo esemplificativo. Le dimensioni del dissipatore possono essere variate in accordo ai valori indicati nella precedente tabella.

The following products are for illustrative purposes only. The dimensions of the heat sink can be varied according to the values indicated into table above.

serie PR

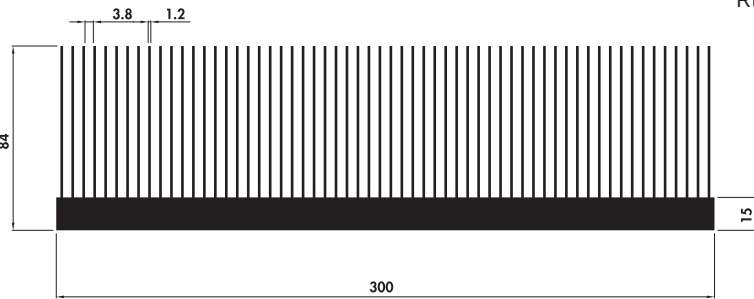
Alette resinate

Bonded fins heat sink



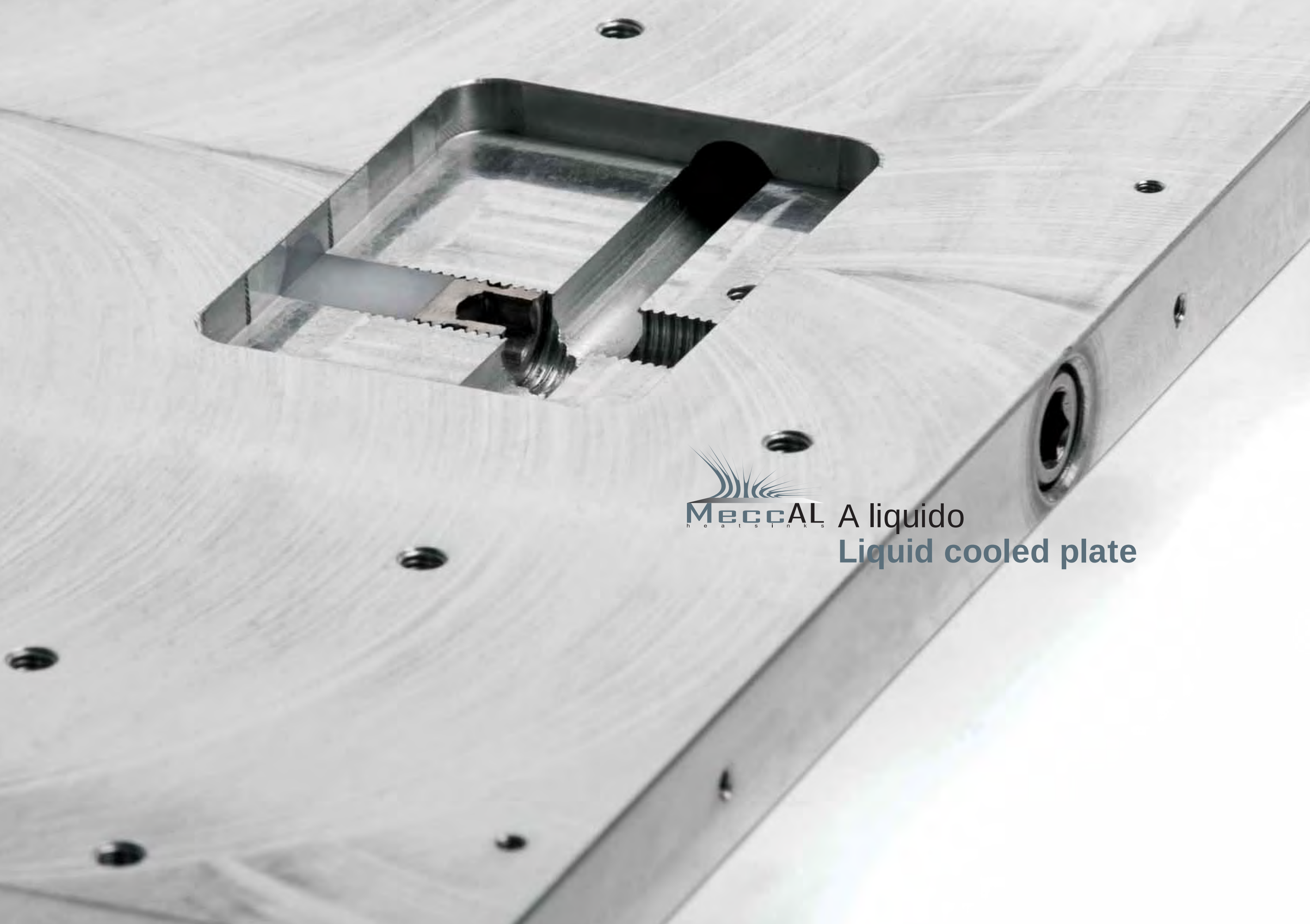
PR200 180

Kg/mt: 46,55
L: 200 mm
Rth,N: 0,12 K/W
Rth,F: 0,040 K/W



PR300 84

Kg/mt: 25,55
L: 300 mm
Rth,N: 0,12 K/W
Rth,F: 0,039 K/W



A liquido
Liquid cooled plate

Liquid cooled plate

I dissipatori a liquido **Mecc.AI** sono realizzati partendo da una base costituita da un piatto in alluminio o in rame e di spessore variabile dai 10 ai 30 mm, sul quale viene realizzato in alternativa il sistema di canalizzazione del liquido:

- con tubi sagomati
- direttamente da estrusione o con fori passanti.

Sulle terminazioni del circuito del liquido di raffreddamento possono essere avvitati o saldo brasati raccordi GAS filettati internamente o esternamente da 1/4", 1/2" o 3/8" o altri raccordi su specifica del cliente.

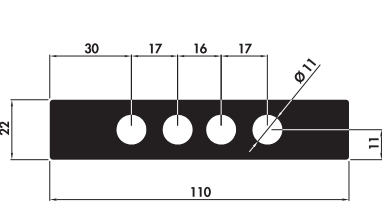
Il nostro ufficio tecnico è a disposizione per ogni tipo di simulazione e informazione di carattere implementativo.

Fori passanti

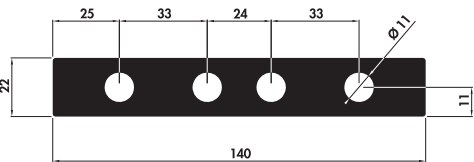
Nel piatto a liquido a fori passanti, i canali di raffreddamento sono ottenuti direttamente da estrusione e/o tramite lavorazione di foratura. Dalla combinazione dei due processi e con l'utilizzo di appositi tappi a vite, si possono ottenere complessi sistemi di canalizzazione in serie o in parallelo, offrendo le migliori prestazione termiche.

Through holes liquid cooled plates

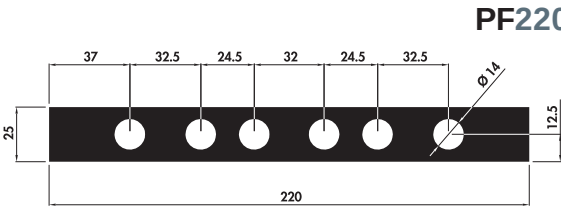
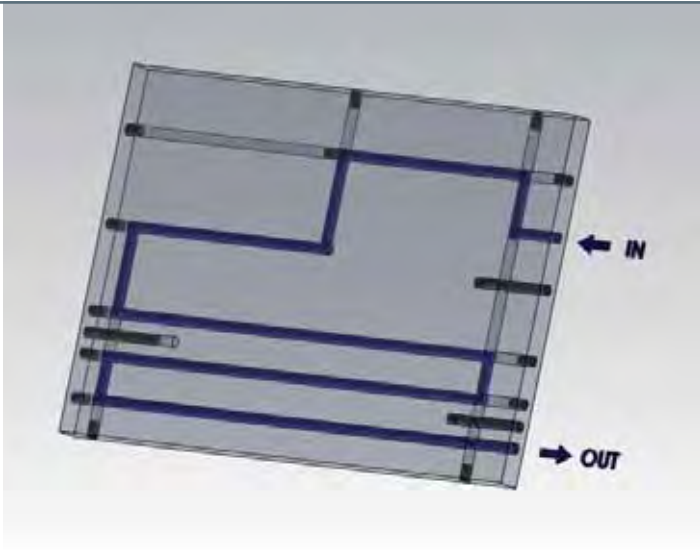
On though holes liquid cooled plates, the cooling liquid circuit is got directly from extrusion and/or mechanical drilling process. By combining the two processes and through screw plugs, it is possible to get complex cooling liquid circuits, giving to the through holes liquid cooled plates the best thermal performance being possible to have parallel cooling channels.



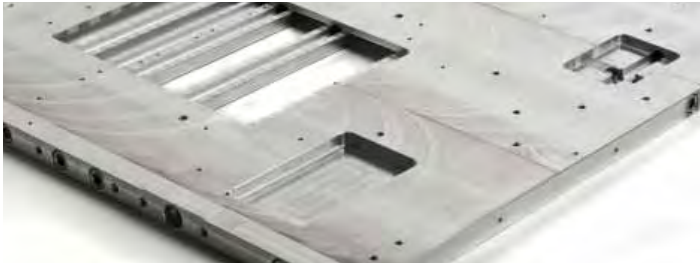
PF110 22



PF140 22



PF220 25



Mecc.AI liquid cooled plates are made starting from an aluminum or copper base plate of a variable thickness from 10 to 30 mm and obtaining the cooling liquid circuit on the plate through two different alternative processes:

- with assembled shaped tubes
- directly by extrusion or by through holes drilling process.

1/4", 1/2", 3/8" GAS or specific customized connectors internally or externally threaded can be screwed or braze welded on the tube ending.

Mecc.AI technical department is available to provide thermal simulations data and any kind of further construction information.



Serpentina assemblata

Il piatto a liquido a serpentina assemblata viene realizzato partendo da un piatto in rame o alluminio su cui viene incavato il profilo del sistema di canalizzazione desiderato dal cliente attraverso un processo di fresatura. Segue una fase di deposizione di resina epossidica ad elevata conduttività in grado di minimizzare la discontinuità termica fra piatto e serpentina successivamente sistemata, costituita da un tubo opportunamente curvato e sagomato da macchine automatiche a controllo numerico ad alta precisione. La superficie superiore del piatto viene infine planarizzata attraverso pressatura e fresatura.

I piatti a liquido a serpentina assemblata offrono la più alta flessibilità progettuale poiché, a seconda del diametro esterno, il tubo costituente la serpentina può essere piegato con diversi raggi di curvatura (vedi Tab. 1). A seconda del liquido refrigerante utilizzato, che ne variano la resistenza alla corrosione, il materiale costituente la serpentina può essere in alluminio, rame o acciaio (vedi Tab. 2).

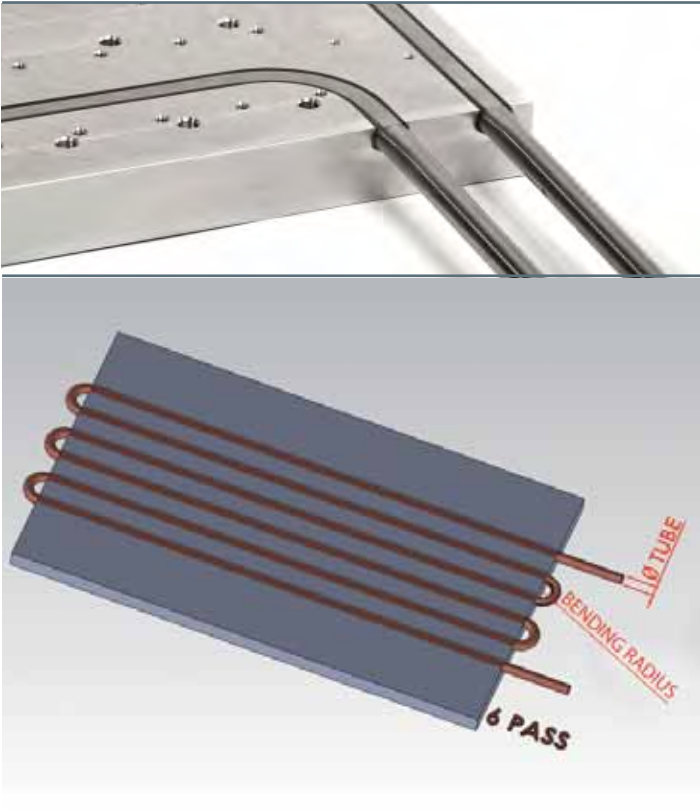
Assembled tube liquid cooled plates

The assembled tube liquid cooled plate is made starting from an aluminium or copper base plate where the cooling liquid circuit is dug through a milling process.

A high thermal conductivity epoxy is then put over the canalization system to avoid thermal discontinuity between the base plate and the tube subsequently arranged on. The plate surface is then pressed and milled in order to get the best flatness.

The tube is opportunely bent and moulded by high precision numerical controlled machine tools, giving to the liquid cooled plates the maximum design flexibility since, depending on diameter, the tube can get several bending radius (see Tab. 1).

Varying the resistance to corrosion depending on used liquid material, the tube can be in aluminium, copper or stainless steel (see Tab. 2).



Liquid cooled plate

Tab. 1

Tube External Diameter [mm]	Bending Radius [mm]
6	10 - 15 - 20
8	12,5 - 20 - 22
10	13 - 14 - 15 - 22,5 - 25 - 30 - 45
12	18 - 30
15	24 - 30 - 45
16	32 - 40

Tab. 2

Channel Material	Liquid
Aluminium	Glycol/Water, Water with anticorrosive agent in closed circuits, Oil
Copper	Standard cooling liquids, Deionized Water, Industrial Water, Oil
Stainless Steel	Demineralised Water, Aggressive liquids



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